**话题十一 跨文化沟通与合作**

**第一部分 话题词汇积累**

**单词&短语**

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_v.欣赏；感激；重视；欢迎

2.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.出身背景；学历；经历背景；底色

3.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.屏障；障碍；阻力；分界线

4.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adj.普遍的；共有的；平常的

5.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.冲突；矛盾；争论

6.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adj.健康的；反映健康的；大量的

7.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.班主任

8.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.高度；高处；最佳点

9.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.遗产，传统

10.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.犹豫；疑虑；不情愿

11.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.地平线；范围，眼界

12.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_v.藏起来；遮挡

13.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_v.击打碰撞；攻击；达到；按压

14.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.业余爱好

15.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adj.无家可归的

16.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.诚实；老实；正直

17.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adj.好客的，殷勤的；适宜的；舒适的

18.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adj.幽默的；诙谐的

19.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.飓风

20.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_--\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_--\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_v.受伤；感到疼痛；使不快

21.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_v.不理会，忽视；不予理睬

22.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adj.立即的；迫切的；接近的

23.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_adj.给人印象深刻的；令人赞叹的

24.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.改善，改良

25.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_v.进口；输入

26.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_n.收入所得，收益

27.accustomed adj.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

28.characteristic adj.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

29.communication n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

30.heal v.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

31.imaginative adj.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

32.helmet n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

33.hostess n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

34. humanity n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

35.ideal adj.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

36.identification n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

37.identify v.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

38,identity n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

39.idiom n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

40,ignorance n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

41.illegal adj.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

42.illustrate v.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

43.imitate v.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

44.immigrant n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

45.implication n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

46.incident n.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

47.身心健康\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

48.接到某人的来信\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

49.背诵，默记……\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

50.全心全意\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

51.帮助摆脱困境\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

52.犹豫做某事\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

53.为纪念某人\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

54.挨饿\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

55.重视英语学习\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

56.给某人留下深刻印象\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

57.怀着……的希望\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

58.give out\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

59.economic growth\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

60.at hand\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**词汇拓展**

1.appreciate v.欣赏；赏识；重视；感激；感谢；欢迎；理解；意识到；领会

【搭配】其后可接名(代)词、动名词、名词性从句等.作宾语，但不能接不定式。习惯上不用“人”作宾语，其后只能接“事”作宾语，而不能接“人”作宾语(注意：这与thank的用法恰恰相反)。后接if或when从句时习惯上要先接it,其后不直接跟if或when引导的从句，若语义上需要接这类从句，需借助it。

You can't really appreciate foreign literature in translation.

看翻译作品不能真正欣赏到外国文学原著的美妙之处。

We shall appreciate hearing from you again.能再次收到你的来信，我们将十分感激。

I would appreciate it if you paid in cash.假如你支付现金的话，我会不胜感激。

We didn't fully\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_that he was seriously ill.

我们没有充分认识到他的病情很严重。

They don't have any confidence that houses will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_in value.

他们完全不相信房子会升值。

2.in honor of为了纪念……,对……表示敬意

That year,the country set up a holiday in honor of the historian.

那年，为纪念这名历史学家，那个国家设立了一个节日。

A monument was built in honor of the heroes who gave up their lives during the war.

为了纪念在战争中献身的英雄们，建立了一座纪念碑。

Our country holds special ceremony \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_those outstanding scientists every year.

我国每年举行特别的仪式来表彰那些杰出的科学家。

【联想】 in+名词+of短语归纳：

in advance of在……之先，胜过

in behalf of代表，为了……的利益i

n case of如果……发生，如遇到……

in charge of看护，管理

注意：in the charge of由……管理in course of正在……之中

注意：in the course of在……期间，在……的过程中

in consequence of……的结果，由于

in defence of保卫，为……辩护

in favour of赞成，有利于

in fear of担心，害怕

in front of在……前面(范围以外)注意：in the front of在……前部(范围内)

in memory of为纪念……

in place of代替

in point of就……而论

in possession of占有，拥有

注意：in the possession of(某物)为(某人)所有

in need of需要in search of寻找，寻求

in sight of能看得见，在看得见……的地方

in spite of尽管

in view of鉴于，由于

in support of支持，支援

in praise of赞扬

in terms of就……来说，根据，用……话来说

**活学活用**

一、阅读下列句子，在空白处填入1个单词或用括号内所给单词的适当形式填空。

1.My car broke down. I'd appreciate\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_if you could give me a ride home.

2.Those who got to know him better warmed to his openness and\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(honest).

3.To learn a language, we must follow the principle of gradual\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(improve).

4.Her eyes,\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(accustom)to what was usual in the aspect of the room,saw instantly what was unusual.

5.It's\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(legal)to drive through a red light.

二、翻译句子

1.Massage(按摩)is used to relax muscles, relieve stress and improve the circulation.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

2.我们的父母为庆祝我的生日举办了一次晚会。(in honor of)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

3.尽管我没有接到邀请，我毫不犹豫地立刻就去了。(hesitation)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

4.当我们学习一门外语时，应该把重点放在动词的用法上。(attach importance to)

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

参考答案

1.appreciate 2.background 3.barrier 4.common5.conflict 6.healthy 7.headteacher 8.height

9.heritage 10.hesitation 11.horizon 12. hide—hid—hidden13.hit—hit—hit 14.hobby 15.homeless 16.honesty17.hospitable 18. humorous 19. hurricane 20.hurt—hurt—hurt 21.ignore 22.immediate 23.impressive24.improvement 25.import 26.income 27.习惯的；适应的 28.典型的；独特的 29.交流；通讯，通信 30.治愈，愈合 31.富于想象力的 32.头盔 33.女主人34.人类，人性 35.理想的，完美的 36.识别；鉴定37.认出，识别 38.身份，个性 39.习语 40.无知，愚昧41.不合法的，违法的 42.给……作插图，解释说明43.模仿 44.移民 45.暗示，言外之意 46.事件，事变47.physical and mental health 48.hear from sb.49.learn...by heart 50.heart and soul 51. help out52.hesitate to do 53.in honor of sb./in sb.'s honor54.go hungry 55.attach importance to learning English56.leave/make a deep impression on sb. 57, in the hope of/in hopes that/in the hope that 58.发表；公布；分发59.经济增长 60.即将到来；在手边

词汇拓展

1.appreciate;appreciate

2.in honor of

活学活用

一、1.it 2.honesty3. improvement 4. accustomed 5.illegal

二、1.按摩可以使肌肉放松，缓解压力和促进血液循环。

2.Our parents held a party in honor of my birthday.

3. Even though I hadn't been invited, I went at once with-out hesitation.

4.We should attach importance to the use of the verbs when we learn a foreign language.

**第二部分 话题阅读训练**

（A）七选五

**You've got mail ... and it's a postcard**

Paulo Magalhaes, a 34-year-old Portuguese computer engineer, loves to open his mailbox and find a brightly colored picture of Rome's Colosseum. Or Africa's Victoria Falls. Or China's Great Wall. 1

＂I often send postcards to family and friends." he says to China Daily," but you can imagine that after a while, you never receive as many as you send, and you realize that not everyone is into it. 2 " Seeking other like-minded souls, however, Paulo started looking in a somewhat unlikely place: online. Many would say the Internet is a place for people who have given up on the traditional postal service, but Paulo's hunch(直觉) paid off.

Today his hobby has developed into the website postcrossing. com, a social network that has grown to 575,217 registered users in 214 countries and regions since he started it 10 years ago. 3 Running the website has almost turned into a full-time job.

Language is certainly a barrier for many people. For postcrossing to work worldwide, a common communication language is needed so that everyone can understand each other. As cool as it may be to receive a postcard written in Chinese, the concept doesn't work if one doesn't understand it. 4 So a common language is required and in postcrossing that's English since it's widely spoken.

“Many people in China have limited exposure to English. 5 That said, we know of many postcrossing members, including Chinese, who have actually improved their English skills through their use of postcrossing," Paulo says.

A. And that's totally fine.

B. That makes it extra hard to learn and practice it.

C. He likes to think of sending postcards as a family-friendly hobby.

D. Many love to make a connection with someone from across the world.

E. On August 5, the number of postcards exchanged by members topped 31 million.

F. Similarly, if you speak only Chinese, receiving a card in Swedish takes part of the fun away.

G. In short, he loves postcards, and the excitement of getting a hand-writ-ten note from someone far away.

1.\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

答案:

篇章导读：本文是一篇说明文。文章主要介绍了 Paulo Magalhaes(保罗·麦哲伦)创建postcrossing.com的过程及其现状。

1.G[上文“Paulo Magalhaes, a 34-year-old Portuguese computer engineer, loves to open his mailbox and find a brightly colored picture of Rome's Colosseum. Or Africa's Victoria Falls. Or China's Great Wall.(34岁的葡萄牙电脑工程师 Paulo Magalhaes 喜欢打开他的邮箱，然后发现一个色彩鲜艳的罗马斗牛场图片。或者非洲的维多利亚瀑布。或者是中国的长城。)”介绍了Paulo喜欢明信片的个人爱好。下文“and you realize that not everyone is into it”说明他身边缺少与他志趣相投的人。G项(简而言之，他喜欢明信片，也喜欢收到远方某人手写便条时的那种兴奋。)承上启下，总结上文Paulo 喜欢明信片，也引出下文关于他的喜好得不到回应的问题。故选G.]

2.A [上文“＇I often send postcards to family and friends.' he says to China Daily, 'but you can imagine that after a while, you never receive as many as you send, and you realize that not everyone is into it.'(“我经常给家人和朋友寄明信片，＇他说，但你可以想象，过一段时间，你收到的明信片不会像你寄的那么多，而且你意识到并不是每个人都喜欢这样。＇)”说明Paulo意识到身边的亲人和朋友不是都和他有相同的爱好，因此他也很坦然接受这个事实，因此A项(那完全没问题。)符合语境。故选A.]

3.E [上文“Today his hobby has developed into the website postcrossing.com, a social network that has grown to 575,217 registered users in 214 countries and regions since he started it 10 years ago.(如今，他的这个爱好已经发展成了postorossing.com 这个社交网站。自从10年前他创建这个网站以来，已经有来自214个国家和地区的575,217名注册用户。)”是在介绍目前网站的发展状况，E项(8月5日，会员互赠的明信片数量达到3,100万张。)是在介绍该网站相关的数据。故选E.]

4.F [上文“As cool as it may be to receive a postcard written in Chinese, the concept doesn't work if one doesn't understand it.(收到一张用中文写的明信片可能很酷，但如果你不理解它，这个概念就行不通。)”是举例说明外国人收到中文明信片时的问题。F项(同样地，如果你只会说中文，收到瑞典语的卡片也会减少一部分乐趣。)是举例说明中国人收到外国语言明信片时也会遇到相同的问题。两句相结合，符合结论句的语义要求。故选F.]

5.B[上文“Many people in China have limited exposure to English.(许多中国人很少能接触到英语。)”说明对某些人来说学习英语的门槛较高。下文“who have actually improved their English skills through their use of postcrossing(他们实际上通过使用明信片来提高他们的英语技能)”说明写明信片成为一种练习英语的渠道。B项(这使得学习和练习它变得格外困难。)说明对一些人来说学习和练习英语的难度较高，因为渠道较少。故选B.]

（B）阅读理解

Hundreds of scientists, writers and academics sounded a warning to humanity in an open letter published last December: Policymakers and the rest of us must engage openly with the risk of global collapse. Researchers in many areas have projected the widespread collapse as “a credible scenario(情景)this century”。

A survey of scientists found that extreme weather events, food insecurity, and freshwater shortages might create global collapse. Of course, if you are a non-human species, collapse is well underway.

The call for public engagement with the unthinkable is especially germane in this moment of still-uncontrolled pandemic and economic crises in the world's most technologically advanced nations. Not very long ago, it was also unthinkable that a virus would shut down nations and that safety nets would be proven so disastrously lacking in flexibility.

The international scholars' warning letter doesn't say exactly what collapse will look like or when it might happen. Collapseology, the study of collapse, is more concerned with identifying trends and with them the dangers of everyday civilization. Among the signatories (签署者) of the warning was Bob Johnson, the originator of the “ecological footprint” concept, which measures the total amount of environmental input needed to maintain a given lifestyle. With the current footprint of humanity,“ it seems that global collapse is certain to happen in some form, possibly within a decade, certainly within this century," Johnson said in an email.

“Only if we discuss the consequences of our biophysical limits," the December warning letter says," can we have the hope to reduce their speed, severity and harm", And yet messengers of the coming disturbance are likely to be ignored. We all want to hope things will turn out fine. As a poet wrote,

*Man is a victim of dope(麻醉品)*

*In the incurable form of hope.*

The hundreds of scholars who signed the letter are intent(执着)on quieting hope that ignores preparedness. “Let's look directly into the issue of collapse," they say, “and deal with the terrible possibilities of what we see there to make the best of a troubling future.”

4.What does the underlined word “germane" in Paragraph 3 probably mean?

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. Scientific. | B. Credible. | C. Original. | D. Relevant. |

5. As for the public awareness of global collapse, the author is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| A. worried | B. puzzled | C. surprised | D. scared |

6. What can we learn from this passage?

A. The signatories may change the biophysical limits.

B. The author agrees with the message of the poem.

C. The issue of collapse is being prioritized.

D. The global collapse is well underway.

答案:

篇章导读：本文是一篇说明文。文章阐述了全球崩塌的概念，相关学者们对这一概念的定义、理解和它的现实意义。

4.D [词义猜测题。画线词下文提到，一场病毒肆虐，一个国家社会停止了运转，流行病无法控制，经济下行，这样的事情在不久之前都是无法想象、不可思议的，即世界充满了不确定性。而此时呼吁人们对这种不可思议的情况加以关注，正是和此时此刻的世界实况密切相关。D项(相关的，有重大关系的。)符合语

境，故选D.]

5.A [推理判断题。根据第五段中的“yet messengers of the coming disturbance are likely to be ignored. We all want to hope things will turn out fine(然而未来崩溃的先行信号很可能被忽略，我们都希望事情在未来会变好)”和最后一段中的“＇Let's look directly into the issue of collapse, ' they say, 'and deal with the terrible possibilities of what we see there to make the best of a troubling future.'(他们说，让我们直面全球崩塌的议题，真正去解决我们看到的可能的糟糕情况，以便使未来没那么糟。＇)”可推知，作者认为公众对全球崩塌的重视意识不够，比较担心。故选A.]

6.B [推理判断题。原文诗歌“Man is a victim of dope(麻醉品)；In the incurable form of hope.(人类是麻醉品的受害者；沉迷于无可救药的幻想中。)”表达的是，人类无视未来全球崩塌的巨大危险，把头埋进沙子里，假装不知道，充满不切实际的幻想和希望。根据诗歌的上文“yet messengers of the coming disturbance are likely to be ignored. We all want to hope things will turn out fine”和下文“quieting hope that ignores preparedness(掐灭不做准备的空有幻想)”可推知，上下文一脉相承，表达相同的观点，即作者对于这首诗表达的信息是赞同的。故选B.]