# 高考单词WXYZ

**wing [wɪŋ] 　 n. 翅膀；翼**

**【真句】**It’s true, the older I get, the more I feel time has **wings**.【2020全国】这是真的，我越老，我越觉得时间有**翅膀**。

**worm [wɜːm] n. 软体虫,蠕虫(尤指蚯蚓)**

**【真句】Plastic-Eating Worms**【2018北京】吃塑料的蠕虫

**wire [ˈwaɪə(r)] n. 电线**



【真句】wireless technology 【2015北京】无线技术

**wag [wæg] v. 摇摆**

Dogs wag their tails in different directions depending on whether they are excited.【2015福建阅读】狗朝不同的方向摇晃尾巴取决于他们是否兴奋。



**wander ['wɒndə(r)] 　　vi. 漫步**

**【真句】**We will **wander** in traditional small towns...【2020全国】我们将在传统的小城镇**闲逛......**

**【助记】体现了l和n的通假关系。**

**wage [weɪdʒ] n.（按日，小时，周领取的）薪水**

But holidays are expensive and, for those on low wage s or living on benefits，they are often unobtainable.【2012福建阅读】假期是昂贵的，并且对于那些依靠低薪水和救济金的人来说，假期是很难获得的。

**waist [weɪst] n. 腰部**

**wait [weɪt] v. n. 等，等候**

【真句】So wherever your next wait may be: Good luck.【2021年1月浙江卷】所以无论你的下一个等待是什么：祝你好运。

【真句】I knew that my Parents had to wait for quite a long time before their small investment could show returns.【2015陕西阅读】我知道父母必须要等很长的时间他们的投资才能获得回报。

**短语： wait for…等待……**

【真句】He has to wait for a call.【2015湖南】他不得不等待电话。

**can’t wait to do sth 迫不及待做某事**

【真句】We can’t wait to hear from you.【2015江西阅读】我们迫不及待地收到你的来信。

**waiter [ˈweɪtə] n. 男服务员**

【真句】A waiter's job, for example, that requires multitasking, teamwork and decision-making could be just as stimulating as any high-level office work.【2020.7浙江】例如，服务员的工作需要多任务处理、团队合作和决策，这可能与任何高级办公室工作一样令人兴奋。

**waiting room n. 候车室**

**waitress [ˈwetrɪs] n. 女服务员**

**wake [weɪk] v. 醒来，弄醒**

【真句】In the past, without the artificial light of the city to bathe in, humans went to sleep when it became dark and then woke themselves around midnight. [阅读]2015湖北 在过去城市里没有人造灯，当天黑了人们就睡觉了，然后再午夜左右就醒了。



**短语：wake up 醒；叫醒**

【真句】Some people wake up naturally at 5:00 am, but others don't start to wake up till 9:00 or 10:00 am. 【2015辽宁阅读】一些人在早上5点自然就醒了，但是其他人知道9点或10点才醒来。

【真句】I needn’t use a clock to wake me up because at six o'clock each morning the train comes by my house.【2012全国一】我不必用闹钟把我叫醒，因为每天早晨六点火车都会经过我的房子。

**wake up to 开始察觉/认识到**

【真句】Only now are organizations beginning to wake up to those lost opportunities.【2015上海完形】

组织只有现在才认识到这些失去的机会。

**walk [wɔ:k] vi. 走；遛（狗） n. 走**

【真句】Hotel and Hostel Des Artistes is located just a 10-minute walk from the central city station and it's close to all of the city's main attractions.【2021年6月新高考Ⅰ卷】Des Artistes酒店及旅馆距离中央城市站仅有10分钟步行路程，距离它靠近城市的所有主要景点。

【真句】But he was wrong in one prediction that everybody would walk 10 miles a day.【2021.1浙江卷】但他错误地预测了所有人每天都会走10英里。

【真句】The law forbids people to walk dogs in the streets.【2015湖北】这部法律禁止人们在街上遛狗。

**短语：take/have a walk 散步**

**walkman [ˈwɔːkmən] n. 随身听**

**wall [wɔːl] n. 墙**



**wallet [ˈwɔlɪt] n. 皮夹**

**walnut [ˈwɔːlnʌt] n. 核桃**

**wander [ˈwɔndə]**

**wander v. [ˈwɔndə] 漫步**

【真句】We will wander in traditional small towns and end our tour with an exceptional museum in Shanghai.【2020全国3】我们将在传统的小镇上漫步，在上海的一个特殊的博物馆结束我们的之旅。

**短语：wander off 离开**

【真句】Then long silences would fall and the boys would wander off one by one.【2014浙江阅读】紧接着是长时间的安静，然后孩子们一个个地离开了。

**want [wɔnt] v. 要，需要，想要**

【真句】Most kids want superheroes sports team logos or princesses, while babies often receive scenes with flowers, trees and sea creatures.【2020.5天津】大多数孩子想要超级英雄、运动队标志或公主，而婴儿通常会收到花、树和海洋生物的场景。

【真句】If you want to have a business your own, your local library can become a launch space for it.【2020.7天津】如果你想拥有自己的事业，你当地的图书馆可以成为它的启动空间。

**注意 want doing = want to be done**

【真句】The table needs cleaning = the table needs to be cleaned. 桌子需要被擦净。

**war [wɔː] n. 战争**

【真句】 Zac knows the meaning of a Purple Heart-he earned one himself in a war as a soldier.【2019浙江】扎克知道紫心勋章的含义——他自己在一场战争中赢得了紫心勋章。

**ward [wɔːd] n. 病房**

**warehouse [ˈweəhaʊs] n. 仓库**

**warm [wɔːm] adj. 温暖的，暖和的；热情的 v. (使)暖和，温暖**

【真句】When the kits were completed, and ready to be sent overseas, the warm feeling I had was one I would never forget.【2021年6月北京卷】当这些套件完成，准备被送到海外时，我那种温暖的感觉让我永远不会忘记。

【真句】Dark-colored surfaces absorb more energy and help warm the surrounding air.【2015江苏阅读】黑色的表面吸收更多的能量并且使周围的空气变热。

**短语：global warming 全球变暖**

【真句】There will be a talk on global warming this week.【2015安徽阅读】这周将会有一个关于全球变暖的讲座。

**warm的名词形式：warmth 温暖；热情**

**warm-hearted [wɔːm- hɑːt] adj. 热心的**

**warn [wɔ:n] v. 警告**

**用法：warn sb (not) to do sth 警告某人不要做某事**

**warn (sb) against doing sth 警告（某人）不要做某事**

【真句】My father warned me against going to the West Coast because it was crowded with tourists.【2015天津】我的爸爸警告我不要去西海岸因为那里游客太多。

**warn sb of/about sth 警告某人某事**

【真句】The article is intended to warn people of the possible risks in adopting RFID technology.【2015湖北阅读】这篇文章旨在警告人们采纳RFID技术的潜在风险。

**warn sb that**

【真句】Scientists have been warned that the law can hardly be changed.【2015上海阅读】科学家被警告该法律不可能被改变。

warning n. 警告

【真句】Birds' singing is sometimes a warning to other birds to stay away.【2012北京】有时候鸟叫是让其它鸟离开的警告。

**warn的名词形式：warning [ˈwɔːnɪŋ] n. 警告**

**wash [ˈwɔʃ] v. 洗**

【真句】I knew how to scrub floors on my knees and how to wash clothes in our zinc tub, but I had never seen a Hoover vacuum cleaner or an iron that wasn't heated by fire.【2019.6上海】我知道如何用膝盖擦地板，如何用锌盆洗衣服，但我从未见过胡佛真空吸尘器或不用火加热的熨斗。

**短语：wash away 冲走；消除（不愉快的记忆，想法，情绪）**

【真句】His present busy life washed away his childhood memories.【2015江苏阅读】现在的繁忙生活消除了他儿童时的记忆。

【真句】the calf was washed away by the rising water.【2014全国一阅读】牛被上涨的洪水冲走了。

**washing machine n. 洗衣机**

**washroom [ˈwɔʃruːm] n. 盥洗室**

**waste [weɪst] n. 浪费；垃圾 v. 浪费**

【真句】In a world where nearly 800 million people a year go hungry, “food waste goes against the moral grain,” as Elizabeth Royte writes in this month’s cover story.【2022年6月新高考1卷】在一个每年有近8亿人感到饥饿的世界里，“食物浪费与道德观念不符”，正如伊丽莎白·罗伊特在本月的封面故事中所写的那样。

【真句】It proved to be a waste of money.【2015陕西完形】这证明是浪费垃圾。

**用法：waste time/money on sth**

【真句】Have you been wasting time on computer games again?【2015山东】你是不是又把时间浪费在电脑游戏上面了？

**watch [wɔtʃ] v. 观看，注视；注意，留意；照看；监视 n. 手表；观看，注视**

【真句】People have been bringing their children in to see the hens and residents come and sit outside to watch them.【2022年6月新高考1卷】人们带着他们的孩子来看母鸡，居民们走过来坐在外面看它们。

【真句】Seconds later, she watched the train drag her car almost a kilometer down the railway tracks.【2015浙江阅读】几秒钟后她注意到火车把她的车几乎沿着铁路轨道拖了一公里。

【真句】Why do Americans struggle with watching their weigh?【2014陕西阅读】为什么美国人要努力留意他们的体重？

**短语：watch over 保护，照看**

【真句】There will be four basketball courts available for our use with one teacher watching over each game. 【2015福建阅读】将会有4个篮球场可以使用，伴随一个老师照看每场比赛

**watch out for 留意，小心**

【真句】Watch out for walkers and other bicyclists, and always use your lights in dark conditions.【2012天津阅读】小心路人和其他琦自行车的人，并且在黑的地方要使用灯。

**water [ˈwɔːtə] n. 水 v. 浇水 waters n. 水域**

【真句】 These include plants that have sensors printed onto their leaves to show when they're short of water and a plant that can detect harmful chemicals in groundwater.【2020全国1】其中包括在叶子上印上传感器以显示何时缺水的植物，以及可以检测地下水中有害化学物质的植物。

**watermelon [ˈwɔːtəmelən] n. 西瓜**

**wave [weɪv] n.波，浪；挥手 v. 挥手；挥动；对（某人）挥手示意**

【真句】At a nightclub in Paris or in New York the same chip gets you into the VIP section and pays for the bill with the wave of an arm.【2015湖北阅读】在巴黎或纽约的夜总会，这个芯片可以让你进入VIP部分并且只要挥挥手就可以支付账单。

【真句】Often whole families stood outside their homes and waved and smiled as if those on the trains were their favorite relatives.【2015全国一阅读】经常一大家人站在屋外挥手微笑就好像那些在火车上的人就是他们的亲戚。

【真句】People who watch the event wave flags, knowing that a gold medal is a win for an entire country. 【2015天津阅读】观看比赛的人们挥舞着旗子，他们知道金牌对整个国家而言就是胜利。

**wave的形容词形式：wavy ['weivi] adj. 波状的**

**wax [wæks] n. 蜡**

**way [weɪ] n. 路；方式，方法**

【真句】Though Smith did get her hands on the best sand, doing things the old-fashioned way isn't just about playing around with French mud.【2020北京】虽然史密斯确实得到了最好的沙子，但用传统的方式做事并不只是玩弄法国泥。

【真句】However, when she hung up, she regretted the way she had handled the call.【2019浙江】然而，当她挂断电话时，她后悔自己处理电话的方式。

**短语 on one’s/the way to 在去……的路上**

【真句】I happened to be one of the people on the way to work that morning.【2015山东完形】我碰巧是那天早晨去上班的人之一。

**way to do sth = way of doing sth 做某事的方式**

【真句】Going outdoors and play games with your friends as physical exercise is an effective way to get rid of anger.【2014安徽阅读】外出和朋友玩游戏作为身体锻炼是摆脱生气的有效方式。

【真句】Giving away tickets is a good way of attracting customers into the restaurants to spend their money.【2015安徽阅读】赠票是吸引顾客进入餐馆消费的好方式。

**by the way 顺便说一下**

**in a way 在一定意义上，在一定程度上**

【真句】Art can connect culture with commercial products in a way that not many other things can; art generates money and holds significant emotional and cultural value within communities. 【2021年6月天津卷】艺术可以用一种其他很多东西无法做到的方式将文化与商业产品联系起来；艺术产生金钱，在社区内具有重要的情感和文化价值。

**be in the way = be in sb’s way 挡路**

【真句】The truck is in my way. = The truck is in the way. 卡车挡住了我的路。

**make way for 让位给……；给……让路**

【真句】They destroy the trees and grass to make way for a new apartment.【2015浙江阅读】他们毁灭树林和草以建造新公寓。

**web [web] n. 网，网状物**

**website [websaɪt] n. 网络**

**weak [wiːk] adj. 弱的；虚弱的；能力弱的，差的；没有说服力的**

【真句】With such models, scientists have found out some key principles operating in food webs. Most food webs, for instance, consist of many weak links rather than a few strong ones.【2019.6天津】通过这些模型，科学家们发现了食物网中的一些关键原理。例如，大多数食物网都是由许多薄弱环节组成的，而不是几个强有力的环节。

【真句】Weak readers on the project were the least hardworking.【2015山东阅读】该项目当中那些阅读能力弱的人最不努力.

【真句】If you do not make strong choices for yourself, you will get the results of the weak choices of others. 【2015天津阅读】如果你不能为自己做出一个有说服力的选择，你将被他人那没有说服力的选择影响。

**weak的名词形式：weakness**

**weakness [ˈwiːknɪs] n. 弱点，虚弱**

【真句】It can provide students with instant feedback, including reports about their strengths and weaknesses.【2015安徽阅读】他可以给学生提供及时反馈，包括关于学生优缺点的报告。



**wealth [welθ] n. 财富**

【真句】True happiness lies in achieving wealth by fair means.【2014福建阅读】真正的幸福在于通过公平的方式获取财富。

**wealthy [ˈwelθɪ] adj. 有钱的，富裕的**

【真句】In 1916, two girls of wealthy families, best friends from Auburn, N. Y. — Dorothy Woodruff and Rosamond Underwood — traveled to a settlement in the Rocky Mountains to teach in a one-room schoolhouse. 【2022年6月全国乙卷】1916年，两个来自富裕家庭的女孩——多萝西·伍德拉夫（Dorothy Woodruff）和罗莎蒙德·安德伍德（Rosamond Underwood）——来自纽约州奥本（Auburn）的好朋友——前往落基山脉的一个定居点，在一所只有一间教室的学校里教书。

**wear [weə] v. 穿；戴**

【真句】The uncertainty was starting to wear on us, so I wanted to do something special.【2021.3天津卷】不确定性开始影响我们，所以我想做一些特别的事情。

【真句】Model Paige Morgan says, "To give people a guilt-free option that they can wear without someone throwing paint on them—I think that's going to be a massive thing, at least here in New York."【2020全国2】模特Paige Morgan说：“为了给人们一个没有内疚感的选择，让他们可以穿着而不被人泼油漆，我认为这将是一件大事，至少在纽约是这样。”

**短语：wear sth out 用坏**

【真句】Mother always complains that children wear out their shoes very quickly.【2013江西】妈妈总是抱怨孩子们很快把鞋子穿坏。

**wear sb out 使某人筋疲力尽**

【真句】This would likely wear him or her out and finally you may lose your friend.【2012辽宁阅读】这可能会让你的朋友很累并且最终你有可能失去你的朋友。

**weather [ˈweðə] n. 天气 v. 平安的度过（难关）**

【真句】2020全国The company weathered the storm of objection to the plan.【高考真句】公司度过了反对这个计划的风暴。

【真句】2020全国Soil forms from weathered rock on the earth surface.【2014江苏阅读】土壤形成于地表受侵蚀的岩石。

**wedding [ˈwedɪŋ] n. 婚礼**

**weed [wiːd] n. 杂草**

**week [wiːk] n. 星期 week的形容词形式：weekly [ˈwiːklɪ] adj. 每周的**

**weekday [ˈwiːkdeɪ] n. 平日**

**weekend [wiːkˈend] n. 周末**

**weep [wiːp] v. 哭泣**

【真句】2020全国Mum wept and told me that the poor little thing had been sent to a hospital. It had a fever.【2012重庆阅读】妈妈哭着跟我说那个可怜的小东西被送到医院去了。

同义词 sob

**weigh [weɪ] v. 重量为；权衡；重要，有影响**

【真句】The savanna elephant weighs between six and seven tons.【2015湖南阅读】savanna象的重量为六到七吨

【真句】With so many models to choose from, it seemed that I would have to spend hours weighing X against Y.【2015浙江阅读】伴随着如此多的款式可供选择，似乎我不得不花几个小时权衡X款和Y款。

**weight [weɪt] n. 重量；体重**

**短语： lose weight减肥 gain weight 增肥**

【真句】Losing weight lies in the power of minds.【2015北京阅读】减肥在于意志力。

**welcome [ˈwelkəm] v. n. 欢迎 adj. 受欢迎的**

【真句】On behalf of our school, I would like to express our warm welcome to you.【2014陕西书面表达】我代表学校向你表示热烈欢迎。

【真句】Residents really welcome the idea of the project and the creative sessions.【2022年6月新高考1卷】居民们非常欢迎这个项目的想法和创意会议。

**welfare [ˈwelfeə] n. 福利，幸福**

【真句】He improved the welfare of employees.【2013山东阅读】他改善了员工的福利

**well [wel] n. 井adv. 好 adj. 健康的**

**well-known adj. 出名的**

【真句】Leslie Nielsen's childhood was a difficult one, but he had one particular shining star in his life—his uncle, who was a well-known actor.【2021年6月浙江卷】莱斯利·尼尔森（Leslie Nielsen）的童年是一个艰难的童年，但他一生中有一位特别闪耀的明星——他的叔叔，一位著名的演员。

**west [west] n. 西部**

**western [ˈwestn] adj. 西方的，西部的**

【真句】Mr Bissell skillfully organizes historical insights and cultural references, making his tale a well-rounded picture of Uzbekistan, seen from Western eyes.【2020年新高考全国Ⅰ卷(山东卷  
）】比塞尔先生巧妙地组织了历史洞察力和文化参考，使他的故事成为西方眼中的乌兹别克斯坦全貌。

**westerner ['westənə] n. 西方人**



**westwards [ˈwestwədz] adv. 向西**

**wet [wet] adj. 湿的**

**whale [weɪl] n. 鲸**

**wheat [wiːt] n. 小麦**

**wheel [wiːl] n. 轮，机轮**

**while [waɪl] n. 一段时间 conj. 当……时候；虽然；然而，却**

【真句】In Samarkand, Mr Bissell admires the architectural wonders, while on his way to Bukhara he gets a taste of police methods when suspected of drug dealing. 【2020年新高考全国Ⅰ卷(山东卷）】在撒马尔罕，比塞尔先生欣赏建筑奇迹，而在前往布哈拉的途中，当他涉嫌贩毒时，他尝到了警察手段的滋味。

**whisper v. 耳语，小声说；（私下或秘密）传说**

【真句】“We have to go and help her,” whispered Amy.【2014江西阅读】艾米小声说：“我们得去帮助她”

【真句】Then the person whispers the message, word for word, to another person.【2015天津阅读】然后那个人把信息逐字地传说给另一个人。

**whistle [ˈwɪsl] n. 口哨**

**white [waɪt] adj. 白色的 n. 白色**

【真句】But VIIRS cannot see the short-wavelength blue light produced by white LEDs.【2019.6上海】但可见光红外成像辐射仪无法看到白色LED产生的短波长蓝光。

**whole [həʊl] adj. 整个的**

**whom [huːm] pron. 谁**

**whose [huːz] pron. 谁的**

【真句】For more information about our program, please visit our website, or contact our Undergraduate Chair, whose information is listed above.【2019.6上海】有关我们课程的更多信息，请访问我们的网站，或联系我们的本科生主席，其信息如上所示。

**why [waɪ] adv. conj. 为什么**

**wide [waɪd] adj. 宽的**

**widespread adj.分布广的，普遍的**

【真句】Researchers in many areas have projected the widespread collapse as "a credible scenario（情景）this century".【2021年6月北京卷】许多领域的研究人员预测，大面积崩塌是“一种可信的情况”本世纪”。

**wife [waɪf] n. 妻子**

**wild [waɪld] adj.野外的，野的；未开发的；感情强烈的（生气，高兴等）；疯狂的**

【真句】Camping wild is a wonderful way to experience the natural world.【2014北京阅读】在野外露营是体验自然世界的一个极好的方式。

【真句】There is a wild road leading through the park, but nobody is permitted to walk on the road.【2014辽宁阅读】有一条通往公园的未开发的路，但是人们禁止走在这条路上行走。

【真句】Each day went perfectly, and a wild excitement took hold of Susan.【2015湖北完形】每天都进展的很顺利，Susan感到非常的兴奋

【真句】He is so wild and charming.【2014广东阅读】他非常疯狂并且有魅力

**短语：be wild with +情感名词 充满……情感**

【真句】She is wild with joy.【2015浙江阅读】她非常高兴。

**wild guess 瞎猜**

【真句】Here’s a wild guess.【2015湖北阅读】这是瞎猜

**wildlife [ˈwaɪldlaɪf] n. 野生动物**

【真句】About 98 cents of every duck stamp dollar goes directly into the Migratory Bird Conservation Fund to purchase wetlands and wildlife habitat for inclusion into the National Wildlife Refuge System—a fact that ensures this land will be protected and available for all generations to come.【2021年6月新高考Ⅰ卷】每一张鸭子邮票的大约98美分直接投入候鸟保护基金，用于购买湿地和野生动物栖息地，以纳入国家野生动物保护区系统，这一事实确保了这片土地将得到保护，并可供后代使用。

**willing [ˈwɪlɪŋ] adj. 乐意的, 愿意的**

be willing to do sth 愿意做某事

【真句】Do you know if Linda is willing to take charge of the program?【2015安徽】你认为琳达是否愿意接管这个项目？

**win [wɪn] v. 赢；赢得；获得**

【真句】They are eager to win in sports.【2012全国二阅读】他们渴望在比赛中赢

【真句】He may win the competition, in which case he is likely to get into the national team.【2013辽宁阅】他可能赢得那场比赛，在这一情况下他可能进入国家队。

【真句】After months of hard study I won a full college scholarship.【2015陕西阅读】几个月的刻苦学习之后我获得了全额奖学金。

win的名词形式：winner n. 胜利者

**wind n. 风 wind的形容词形式：windy adj. 风大的, 多风的**

**window [ˈwɪndəʊ] n. 窗户**

**wine [waɪn] n. 酒**

**wing [wɪŋ] n. 机翼，翅膀**

**winter [ˈwɪntə] n. 冬天**

**wipe [waɪp] v. 擦**

Then I wiped the dust off all the furniture.【2013陕西阅读】我把所有家具上面的灰尘都擦掉了。

短语：wipe out 彻底毁灭，消除

The honey bee population could be wiped out in 10 years.【2013全国一阅读】蜜蜂的数量在未来10年可能被完全消除。

**wire [ˈwaɪə] n. 电线**

**wise [waɪz] adj. 明智的，智慧的**

It is not wise to change food crops into gas.【2015上海阅读】把粮食作物转变成燃气是不明智的。

wise的名词形式：wisdom [ˈwɪzdəm] n. 智慧

One of the greatest gifts one generation can give to other generations is the wisdom it has gained from experience.【2013重庆阅读】一代人可以给其他代人的最大的礼物之一就是他从经验当中获得的智慧。

**wish [wɪʃ] vt. 想做，想要；希望，祝愿n. 希望，愿望**

I wish to thank Professor Smith, without whose help I would never have got this far.【2012天津】

我想要感谢史密斯教授，没有他的帮助我不会去的今天的成就。

There is nothing more I can try to persuade you to stay, so I wish you good luck.【2015上海】

我没法说服你留下，所以我祝你好运。

**withdraw [wɪðˈdrɔː] v. 退出；提取（钱）**

I made the choice to withdraw from college to care for her.【2015天津阅读】我做出了退学照顾她的决定。

You can withdraw cash at cash machines.【2015福建阅读】你可以从提款机上面取钱。

**within [wɪˈðɪn] prep. 在……里面**

**without [wɪˈðaʊt] prep. 没有**

**witness [ˈwɪtnɪs] n. 目击者；v. 见证；目击**

Crime witnesses may be willing to assist the police, but most are unwilling to give their names when reporting a crime.【2014江西阅读】犯罪活动的目击者可能愿意协助警察，但是当报道犯罪活动的时候他们不愿意说出他们的名字

The book was written in 1946, since when the education system has witnessed great changes.【2015山东】这本书写于1946年，从那以后教育体系见证了巨大的改变

Peters and others who worked in and near Park Plaza witnessed squirrels being run over.【2012山东阅读】皮特一家人和在Park Plaza工作的人目击了松鼠被碾压。

**wolf [wʊlf] n. 狼**

**woman [ˈwʊmən] n.妇女女人**

**wonder [ˈwʌndə] v. 想知道，思考 n. 奇迹，奇景；惊奇**

I wondered if I was putting my life at risk.【2013四川阅读】我想知道我是否在拿我的生命冒险。

Everyone stared in wonder as the train slowly returned to the station.【2014湖北阅读】当火车缓慢回到车站的时候，每个人都惊奇地看着

He should have understood the wonder of nature.【2014湖北阅读】他本应该了解自然的奇迹。

短语：wonder at/about 对……感到惊讶

Have you ever wondered about people’s names?【2015江苏阅读】你有对人类的名字感到过好奇吗？

no wonder 难怪

No wonder they’re bored.【2013浙江阅读】难怪他们无聊。

work/do wonders 收到奇效

A few moments of relaxation can work wonders.【高考真句】放松一会儿就可以收到奇效。

wonder的形容词形式：wonderful

**wonderful [ˈwʌndəfʊl] adj. 极好的**

It’s a wonderful day.【2015浙江阅读】这是极好的一天

**wood [ˈwʊd]n. 木头；(常用复数)树林，森林**

It makes a great difference whether we develop wood products or not.【2015上海阅读】我们是否发展木制品是有很大影响的。

She crossed a large area of grassland into the woods before she realized that she was lost.【2012陕西完形】在意识到自己迷路之前，她穿过一大片草地进入林地

The dogs were put in the wooden boxes.【2015福建阅读】狗被放进了木盒子里面。

wood的形容词形式：wooden [ˈwʊdn] adj. 木制的

**wool [wʊl] n. 毛线, 羊毛 wool的形容词形式：woollen[ˈwʊlɪn] adj. 毛制的**

**word [wɜːd] n. 字，词（可数）；消息（不可数）**

**work [wɜːk] v. 工作；运转，起作用 n. 工作（不可数）；作品（可数，此时等于piece）**

The whole process worked very smoothly.【2015上海阅读】整个过程进展的都很顺利。

Yeats began to produce his best works from the 1910s.【2015重庆阅读】叶芝从20世纪头10年开始创作他的最好的作品。

短语：work out 解决；制定出；计算出，弄明白；发展；锻炼

To work out the difficult math problem, I have consulted Professor Russell several times.【2014陕西阅读】为了解决这个数学难题，我咨询了Russell教授好几次。

The Jacobs family did work out a solution.【2015山东阅读】Jacobs一家人制定出了解决措施。

Keeping a diary can help you work out your daily food intake more accurately.【2014重庆阅读】写日记可以帮助你更加准确地计算出每日食物的摄入量。

We had wanted to finish our task by noon, but it didn’t quite work out as planned.【2014 陕西】

我们之前想中午完成任务，但是任务并没有按计划的那样发展。

Tom was working out in the field when he noticed her walking around at the edge of the field.【2014四川完形】汤姆正在田野里锻炼，突然他注意到她走在田野的边缘。

work at 致力于

Some of the many small new local companies are working at the new technologies.【2015四川阅读】

许多当地的小公司正在致力于新科技。

work on 致力于，从事于；努力提高

I had been working on math for the whole afternoon and the numbers swam before my eyes.【2012全国一】我一下午都在做数学作业，数字在我面前打转。

He is working on a nuclear energy source.【2015山东阅读】他正在努力提高核能资源

work through 解决

Be sure to work through the critical questions.【2014北京阅读】确保解决关键问题。

**workday ['wə:kdei] n. 工作日**

**worker [ˈwɜːkə] n. 工人；工作者**

**workforce ['wə:kfɔ:s] n. 劳动力**

**workmate ['wə:kfɔ:s] n. 同事**

**workplace [wɜːkpleɪs] n.工作场所**

**world [wɜːld] n. 世界**

**world-famous [wɜːld- ˈfeɪməs] adj. 世界闻名的**

**worldwide [ˈwɜːldwaɪd] adj. 遍及全球的，世界范围的**

**worn [wɔ:n] adj. 磨损的；疲倦的**

Albert Einstein didn’t feel worn after a day’s work.【2013辽宁阅读】在一天的工作之后Albert Einstein并不感到疲倦。

**worry [ˈwʌrɪ] v. 担心；使忧虑；n. 担心**

I’ve ordered some pizza, so we needn’t worry about cooking when we get home tired.【2014重庆阅读】我已经定了一些披萨，所以当我们回家感到累的时候不用担心做饭。

The fact has worried many scientists that the earth is becoming warmer and warmer these years. 【2014江西】这些年来地球变得越来越热这一事实使许多科学家非常忧虑。

A recent study suggests a widespread worry that the science may be running out of control.【2014重庆阅读】最近一个研究显示人们普遍担心科学会失控。

worry的两个形容词形式：worried, worrying

**worried ['wɜrɪd] adj. 担心的**

He was worried about being left alone.【2015浙江阅读】他担心被独自留下。

**worrying [ˈwɜ:riɪŋ] adj. 令人担心的**

More worrying was that the children fell ill more often.【2015辽宁阅读】更加令人担心的是孩子们更容易生病。

**worse [wɜːs] adj. (bad的比较级)更坏的**

**worst [wɜːst] adj. (bad的最高级)最坏的**

**worth [wɜːθ] prep 值……钱；； n. 价值**

In the US, Domino’s Pizza estimates that a regular customer is worth more than $5,000 over ten years.【2015上海完形】在美国Domino’s Pizza估计一个主顾在未来十年价值5000美元。

We then discover that he bought $200 worth of tickets.【2015全国二阅读】之后我们发现他们购买了价值200美元的票。

用法：worth (doing) sth 值得（做）某事

Every kind of Chinese food is worth trying.【2014重庆改错】每一种中国食物都是值得尝试的。

be worth it 值得

Fishing lovers believe that their hobby is worth it. 2013江西 钓鱼爱好者认为他们的爱好是值得的。

**worthwhile [wɜːθˈwaɪl] adj. 值得(做)的**

用法：it is worthwhile to do sth 做某事是值得的

It is worthwhile to spend money on an old building.【2015湖南阅读】把钱花在古建筑物上是值得的。

worthy [wɜːθɪ] adj. 值得尊敬的，值得欣赏的

Companies typically spend about 1% of pre-tax profits on worthy projects.【2014上海阅读】

公司通常花大约1%的税前利润在值得尊敬的项目上。

用法：be worthy of sth 值得……的

Mr. Johnson insisted that the problem should be worthy of attention at the meeting.【2015湖北完成句子】Johnson先生认为这个问题在会上值得注意。

worthless [ˈwɜːθlɪs] adj.没有价值

The house was full of worthless junk.【高考真句】房子里充满了没用的垃圾。

**wound [wuːnd] n. （武器导致的）伤口；（情感或心灵上的）伤害，伤痛 v. （用刀或枪）伤害某人**

Approaching carefully, they could see a wound on the old lady’s face.【2014江西阅读】仔细靠近的时候他们可以看见老人脸上的伤口。

It will take much longer for the wounds to heal.【高考真句】需要花很长世间伤口才能愈合

You have no idea how she finished the relay race with her foot wounded so much.【2015福建】

你不知道她是怎样带着严重受伤的脚完成接力赛的。

wound的形容词形式：wounded [wuːndɪd] adj. 受伤的

**wrestle [ˈresl] v. 摔跤**

用法：wrestle with 努力解决，与……扭打

I was actually wrestling with the bear at this point.【2014北京阅读】在这个时候我实际上正在和那只熊扭打在一起。

**wrinkle [ˈrɪŋkl] n. 皱纹**

**wrist [rɪst] n. 手腕**

**write [ˈraɪt] v. 写**

短语：write down 写下

You’d better write down her phone number before you forget it.【2014重庆】你最好在忘记电话号码之前写下它。

write back 回信

He wrote back to his father at 12.【2015安徽阅读】在12岁的时候他给他爸爸回信。

**writing [ˈraɪtɪŋ] n. 作品**

**wrong [rɔŋ] adj. 错误的，有问题的 v. 冤枉**

But unfortunately, the parents are wronged.【2013湖北】不幸的是，父母们被冤枉了

短语：go wrong 出差错

However, taking responsibility for something that went wrong is a mark of great maturity.【2015天津阅读】然而，为出错的事情负责人是一个人成熟的表现。

高考单词X

**X-ray [eks-reɪ] n. X射线；X光**

**高考单词Y**

**yard [jɑːd] n. 码；院子**

**yawn [jɔːn] v. 打哈欠**

**year [jɪə] n. 年**

**yell [jel] v. 叫喊，吼叫**

短语：yell at sb 朝某人大喊大叫

Those parents usually yell at their children for their untidiness.【2014广东完形】那些父母通常因为孩子脏乱而朝他们大喊大叫。

**yellow [ˈjeləʊ] a. 黄色的**

**yes [jes] adv. 是，好，同意**

**yesterday [ˈjestədeɪ] n. adj. 昨天**

**yet [jet] adv. 尚，还 conj. 但是**

**yoghurt ['jɔgət] n. 酸奶**

**you [juː] pron. 你；你们**

**young [jʌŋ] adj. 年轻的**

**your [jʌŋ] pron. 你的；你们的**

**yours [jɔːz] pron. 你的；你们的**

**yourself [jɔːˈself] pron. 你自己**

**yourselves [jɔːˈself] pron. 你们自己**

**youth [juːθ] n. 青春；青年**

**yummy [ˈjʌmɪ] a. 很好吃的**

## 高考单词Z

**zoom [zuːm] v. 缩放，极速上升**

**【助记】**来到公园（zoo）

**【真句】**Mom always added here that, as many times as I **zoomed** across the lawn after that, I never again crashed into that tree.【2020浙江】 妈妈总是在这里补充说，在那之后，我多次在草坪上**飞驰**，我再也没有撞到那棵树。

【2年四川】

**【拓展】zoom in放大，zoom out缩小（就是我们在电脑上看照片时常用的加减号）**



**zebra [ˈzebrə] n. 斑马**

**zebra -crossing [ˈzebrə-ˈkrɔsɪŋ] 人行横道线（斑马线）**

**zero [ˈzɪərəʊ] n. 零,零度,零点**

**zip [zɪp] v. n.拉开(或扣上)……的拉链；拉链**

**zip code(美) =postcode [zɪp kəʊd] (英)邮政区号**



**zipper [ˈzɪpə] n. 拉链**

**zone [zəʊn] n. 区域；范围**

**zoo [zuː] n. 动物园**

**高考核心词汇与练习---XYZ（含答案）**

**1. 疑问词+ to do...**

(1)A: Stop trying to tell me what to do all the time.

B: Stop trying to tell me \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_all the time.

(2)Uncertain about \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(怎样解决) the problem，she stopped to think carefully.

【答案】(1) what should I do n (2) how to work out

(3)There are many books！It’s not easy for us to decide and what to leave behind.

A．what to be taken B．what to take

C．how to take D．how to be taken

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：书太多了！拿走哪些，留下哪些对我们来说不容易决定。and前后为并列结构，故选B项。

(4)I was wondering to go upstairs or follow Marxim to the library.

A．where B．when

C．whether D．how

【答案】答案　C

解析　whether...or...是……还是……。

**2. 现在进行时表将来**

(1)I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(go) on a trip soon. 我很快就要去旅行了。

(2)The train \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (leave) at 10 p．m.火车晚上10点开。

(3)I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (leave) for Shanghai tomorrow. 明天我将前往上海。

【答案】(1) am going (2) leaves (3) am leaving

(4)—What are you going to do this afternoon?

—I am going to the cinema with some friends.The film quite early，so we to the bookstore after that.

A．finished；are going B．finished；go

C．finishes；are going D．finishes；go

【答案】答案　C

解析　第一空电影放映的时间是确定的，英语中对于事先安排好的事，且主语为物时可以使用一般现在时表示将来；第二空主语为人可以用进行时表将来。

(5)Ladies and gentlemen，please fasten your seat belts.The plane .

A．takes off B．is taking off

C．has taken off D．took off

【答案】答案　B

解析　由句意可知，飞机将要起飞，故用现在进行时表示将来。

**3. 虚拟语气在条件句中的运用**

(1) If he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (come) a few minutes earlier，he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(meet) me.

(2) Maybe if I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(study) science，and not literature then，I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (be) able to give you more help.

(3)If I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(be) you，I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(teach) him a good lesson.

【答案】(1) hand come ; would have met (2) had studied ; would be

(4) were ; would teach

(5)—Why didn’t you buy the gold ring?

—I ，but I didn’t have the money.

A．would have B．bought

C．would like to D．had bought

【答案】答案　A

解析　句意为：——你为什么不买那枚金戒指？——我想买，但我没钱。该句是与过去事实相反的虚拟语气，完整形式：If I had the money，I would have bought it.。

(6)—I didn’t go to the movie last night because of the rain.

—What a pity！If I had got the ticket，I it.

A．wouldn’t have missed B．wouldn’t miss

C．didn’t miss D．hadn’t missed

【答案】答案　A

解析　事情发生在昨天晚上，所以应是与过去事实相反的虚拟语气。

**4. 主语＋be＋形容词＋to do**

(1) He is easy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. 他是很容易共事的。

(2)The box is too heavy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (lift). 这个箱子太重了，以致于提不起来。

(3)He is easy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.他很容易相处。

【答案】(1) to work with (2) to lift (3) to get along with

(4)I like getting up very early in summer.The morning air is so good .

A．to be breathed B．to breathe

C．breathing D．being breathed

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：夏季，我喜欢早起。呼吸一下清晨的空气真是爽极了。形容词good要求后面的不定式用主动形式表示被动意义。

(5)There are a lot of models of the latest design.The one I want is difficult .

A．to choose B．to be chosen from

C．for choosing from D．to choose from

【答案】答案　D

解析　本题是“主语＋be＋形容词＋不定式”结构，故用主动形式表达被动意义，且从多个模型中选一个，故选D。

**5. 形容词或形容词短语作状语**

(1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (陷入沉思), he didn’t notice the door open.

(2)The survivors lay on the beach，\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (疲惫而震惊).

幸存者们躺在海滩上，。

(3)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (过度高兴的)，Li Ming shouted，“I made it！I made it！”

【答案】(1) Lost in thought (2) exhausted and shocked (3) Overjoyed

(4) ，the Japanese people are recovering from the effects of the nuclear disaster.

A．Strongly and unitedly

B．Strong and united

C．Be strong and unite

D．Being strongly and united

【答案】答案　B

解析　形容词短语作状语。句意为：意志坚定、团结，日本人民正从核灾难的影响中恢复过来。

(5)After an absence of ten days，the missing boy returned home， .

A．feeling tired and soundly

B．tiring but sound

C．tired but sound

D．felt tired and sound

【答案】答案　C

解析　形容词短语作状语。句意为：在消失了10天之后，那个失踪的男孩回到了家里，疲劳但很健康。