# 高考单词M

**moral [ˈmɔr(ə)l; (US) ˈmɔːrəl] a.道德的 n.寓意**

**【助记】道德不能停留在口头上。**

**【真句】**However, we can achieve meaning only if we have made a commitment to something larger than our own little egos （自我）, whether to loved ones, to fellow humans, to work, or to some moral concept.【2019.6天津】然而，只有当我们致力于超越自我的事情，我们才能实现意义, 无论是为了亲人，为了人类同胞，为了工作，还是为了某种道德观念。

**【真句】**The **moral** of the original story is that a wicked person cannot escape punishment.【2014福建】这个原创故事的**寓意**是恶人终有恶报

【真句】Designer Jennifer Anderson admits it took her a while to come around to the opinion that using nutria fur for her creations is **morally** acceptable. 【2020全国】设计师Jennifer Anderson承认，她花了一段时间才得出这样的观点：在她的作品中使用海狸皮是**道德**上可以接受的。

**metal [ˈmet(ə)l] n. 金属 a. 金属制成的**

**medal [ˈmedl] n. 奖牌**

**【真句】** I finished! And I got a **medal**. 【2018年北京】我完成了！ 我得到了一枚**奖章**。

**【助记】medal（奖章）是由metal制成的。体现了d和t的通假关系。**

**machine [məˈʃiːn] n. 机器**

**【真句】**Machine learning can solve the nutrition problem.【2022年6月北京卷】机器学习可以解决营养问题。

**mad [mæd] adj. 生气的，发疯的**

**【真句】**I knew dad would be mad and I had to let her know what she did was wrong.【2015全国二阅读】我知道爸爸会发疯的并且我不得不让她明白她所做的的错的。

**multiply [ˈmʌltɪplaɪ] vt.激增；繁殖；乘**

**【助记】much+lot**

**【真句】**the cat-sized animals **multiplied** like crazy.【2020全国】这些猫咪大小的动物像疯狂地成倍繁殖。



**madam [ˈmædəm] n. 夫人，女士**

**magazine [mæɡəˈziːn] n. 杂志**

**magic [ˈmædʒɪk] n. 魔力，魅力；魔术adj. 有魔力的，神奇的**

**【真句】**she acquires the magic of some great achievements.【2014上海阅读】她学到了一些伟大成就的魅力。

**【真句】**To learn the magic tricks, you can go to Club Med Circus School.【2014江西阅读】为了学习魔术技巧，你可以去Med Circus School俱乐部。

**【真句】**We use magic words in our daily life without realizing it.【2015江西写作】我们在日常生活中都会使用一些神奇的字却并没有意识到。

**maid [meɪd] n. 女仆**

**mail [meɪl] n. 邮政v. 邮寄**

**mailbox ['meɪlbɒks] n. 邮箱**

**main [meɪn] adj.最主要的**

**【真句】**There are two main reasons for this.【2014安徽阅读】这有两个主要原因。

**【真句】**My perfectionist tendencies were the main root of this: ...【2022年6月北京卷】我的完美主义倾向是其主要根源：

**mainland [ˈmeɪnlənd] n. 大陆**

**major [ˈmeɪdʒə] adj. 重大的，严重的；重要的，主要的 n.专业，某专业的学生 v. 主修**

**【真句】**Now this former royal palace is open to the public as a major tourist attraction.【2015全国卷二】现在这个前皇家宫殿作为主要旅游景点向公众开放。

**【真句】**With help from Tesla,Westinghouse's firm developed a system using alternating current（交流电）,which soon became the major form of power delivery.【2022年1月浙江卷】在 Tesla的帮助下，Westinghouse公司开发了一种使用交流电的系统，这很快成为电力输送的主要形式。

**【真句】**What major did the man choose in the end?【2015湖南】那个男人最后选择了什么专业？

**【真句】**A university graduate majoring in computer science is most likely to be employed.【2015江西阅读】

主修电脑科学的大学毕业生最有可能被雇佣。

**major作形容词时的名词形式为：majority**

**majority [məˈdʒɔrɪtɪ] n. 主要，大多数**

**【真句】**The majority of people in the town strongly support the plan to build a playground for children.【2015浙江】镇上大多数人支持为儿童建操场。

【真句】However, the majority of people are effective speakers because they train to be.【2020年7月山东卷】然而，大多数人都是有效的演讲者，因为他们受过训练。

**make [meɪk] vt. 制造；做；适合，胜任（系动词）；使；引起，导致，使发生**

**【真句】**Focus on the speaking. Talk directly to your audience, be yourself and make a connection.【2020年7月山东卷】专注于口语。直接与你的听众交流，展现你自己，与听从建立联系。

**【真句】**About 60 million Americans told Pew that the Internet plays an important role in helping them make major life decisions.【2015江苏阅读】大约六千万美国人告诉Pew互联网在帮助他们做终生决定方面扮演非常重要的角色。

**【真句】**Big serving bowls and plates can easily make us fat.【2015全国二阅读】大碗和大碟子很容易使我们发胖。

**【真句】**We must also make it safe to express opinions and challenge majority views.【2016北京阅读】我们必须安全的表达自己的观点和挑战大众观点。

**短语：make out 辨认出，看出，听出；理解，弄明白；**

**【真句】**I could barely make out the stage in the darkness.【2015山东完形】在黑暗的舞台中我几乎看不见。

**【真句】**His writing is so confusing that it’s difficult to make out what it is he is trying to express.【2015安徽他的字迹是如此模糊不清以至于很难理解他在努力表达什么。

**make up 组成，构成**；**编造**；**化妆**；**凑足，补齐（数量、金额）**；**布置**

**【真句】**We can’t seem to make up our minds whether we want a modern city or a traditional one.【2022年6月全国甲卷】我们似乎无法决定是要一个现代城市还是传统的城市。

**【真句】**And what is wrong with a society that thinks that making up a good excuse is like creating a work of art?【2015天津】编造 一个认为编造好的接口就像创造艺术品的社会是怎么了？

**【真句】**I have a beautiful teenage daughter who spends an hour making up her face in front of the mirror every day.【2013上海阅读】我有一个漂亮的未成年女儿他每天在镜子前面化一个小时的妆

**【真句】**It may be the last time Americans have to use annoying 2-or-3-cent stamps to make up postage differences.【2015上海阅读】补足邮费差，这也许是最后一次用烦人的2到3美分的邮票来补齐邮费差价。

**【真句】**It may be quite easy, like making up wooden boxes, but it is very boring.【2013广东阅读】布置木盒子可能非常简单但是也非常无聊。

**make up for 弥补**

**【真句】**Some social scientists suggest that Westerners should take advantages of the ancient Chinese wisdom to make up for the drawbacks of Western philosophy.【2012辽宁阅读】一些社会学家建议西方人应该利用中国人的智慧来弥补西方哲学的缺点。

**make up one’s mind 下定决心**

**【真句】**No sooner had she watched the TV program on the extinct species than she made up her mind to join the wildlife protection organization.【2013上海】她一看完那个关于已灭绝物种的电视节目，就立志加入野生动物保护组织。

**make time to do 挤时间做某事**

**【真句】**We also recommend you make time to enjoy simple pleasures.【2014上海阅读】我们也建议你挤出一些时间享受简单的快乐。

**make the best/most of 充分利用 take full advantage of等于make full use of 利用**

**【真句】**Painters, sculptors—they've all tried to make the best of this ordinary face, but I'm afraid there's not much hope.【2020.7天津】画家、雕塑家们都试图充分利用这张普通的脸，但恐怕希望不太大。

**【真句】**The school isn't the one I really wanted to go to, but I suppose I'll just have to make the best of it. 【2015浙江】学校不是我真正想去的地方，但是我认为我将不得不充分利用它。

**make a difference (to)有影响，有作用**

**【真句】**We try to create work experience opportunities that will really make a difference to our youth.【2013福建阅读】我们将努力创造一个对我们年青人有影响的工作机会。

**make it 成功；准时到达，赶上；**

**【真句】**This part of the trip was slow, hard work and depressing, but he made it in the end.【2012上海阅读】部分路程缓慢、艰难而又令人压抑，但是最后他还是成功了。

**【真句】**I’m sorry I didn't make it to your party last night.【2015浙江】对不起，我没能参加你的会议。

**make do (with/without)凑合**

**【真句】**It may not be a great suggestion. But before a good one is put forward, we’ll make do with it.【2013全国二】这个建议也许不好，但是在好的建议被提出之前，我们只能凑合。

**make for 朝……走去（head for）；促成，使可能**

**【真句】**This made for the grow in the porcelain industry.【2013全国二阅读】这可能促成porcelain产业的发展。

**make money 挣钱**

**【真句】**Businessmen who hope to make money in China are reading books about Confucius to understand their Chinese customers.【2012辽宁阅读】希望在中国挣钱的商人正在读关于孔子的书以了解他们的中国顾客。

**make believe 假装，假想**

**【真句】**They wanted to make believe that they were successful.【2013山东阅读】他们假想他们成功了。

**male [meɪl] adj. 男(性)的，雄的**

**【真句】**The people in the advertising departments of major corporations realize that sports attract male viewers.【2012广东阅读】主要公司的广告部门意识到体育吸引男性观众。

**反义词female [ˈfi:meɪl] adj. 女性的，雌的**

**man [mæn] n. 男人；人类（不可数名词）；**

**【真句】**He seemed not to notice the man next to him.【2021年6月全国甲卷】他似乎没有注意到他旁边的那个人。

**【真句】**A man immediately rushed to the girl to give her first aid and I joined in without hesitation.【2014湖北阅读】一个男人立刻冲到那个女孩那去急救，我也毫不犹豫的加入进去。

**【真句】**In your opinion, what is the ideal relationship between man and animals?【2015天津阅读】在你看来，人类和动物的理想关系是什么？

**同义词：mankind n. 人类；humankind n. 人类**

**manage [ˈmænɪdʒ] v. 经营，管理；应付，对付；应付生活，勉强维持；**

**【真句】**They have just introduced new lessons in how to manage debts.【2013上海阅读】他们刚刚介绍了如何管理债务的新课程。

**【真句】**Tom sounds very much interested in the job, but I’m not sure whether he can manage it.【2006安徽卷】汤姆似乎对那个工作很感兴趣，但是我不清楚他是否可以应付得了。

**【真句】**In a land far away, once upon a time there was great poverty, and only the rich could manage without great problems.【2015陕西完形】曾今在一个很遥远的地方，那里非常贫困，只有富人可以容易的应付生活。

**短语：manage to do成功做成**

**【真句】**How did the Jacobses manage to solve their problem?【2015山东阅读】Jacobs一家人是怎样成功解决这一问题的？

**manage的两个名词形式：manager经理；management经营，管理；应付，对付**

**manner [ˈmænə] n. 方式，方法； manners礼貌；风俗**

**【真句】**The main way of handling waste in a green manner in Edinburgh is recycling.【2015湖北阅读】在爱丁堡用环保的方式处理垃圾的方式就是回收。

**【真句】**Manners are ways of acting that the society believes are polite.【2014陕西阅读】礼貌是社会认为礼貌的行为。

**【真句】**Failure to understand the customs and manners of other countries will bring difficulty selling their products.【2014陕西阅读】不能够理解其它国家的风俗和习惯将会给销售商品带来困难

**短语：in … manner 用……方式**

**【真句】**The main way of handling waste in a green manner in Edinburgh is recycling.【2015湖北阅读】在爱丁堡用环保的方式处理垃圾的方式就是回收。

**many [ˈmenɪ] pron.许多（人或物）adj. 许多的**

**map [mæp] n. 地图**

**maple [ˈmeɪpl] n. 枫树**

**marathon [ˈmærəθən] n. 马拉松**

**marble [ˈmɑːbl] n. 大理石；玻璃弹子**

**march [mɑːtʃ] v. 行进，行军；（含有某目的和决心）走；March n. 3月**

**【真句】**The men lined up in two lines, walked down the steps, and with the band playing, marched down the street, as returning heroes, to be welcomed home.【2014湖北阅读】士兵们排成两队伴随着乐队的演奏声走下台阶，他们是凯旋的英雄，受到人们的热烈欢迎。

**【真句】**The professor marched into the lecture hall, placed upon his desk a large jar filled with dried beans 【2012 全国一完形】教授走进讲座大厅将装满干豆子的罐子放在他的桌上。

**mark [mɑːk] n. 记号；分数；标志 v. 做记号；标志；**

**【真句】**The marks on the breadboard have disappeared.【2015天津阅读】面包板上记号已经消失了。

**【真句】**So I suppose I can get a good mark which will enable me to enter my ideal college.【2014四川阅读】我认为我会得到一个好的分数，这可以使我进入我的理想大学。

**【真句】**The ability to talk is something that marks humans off from animals.【2015江西阅读】

说话能力将人与动物区分开来。

**【真句】**It marks the beginning of the American newspaper.【2014全国二阅读】它标志美国报纸的开端。

**短语：leave/make one’s mark on 对某人/某物产生长远影响**

**【真句】**My most famous relative of all, the one who really left his mark on America, was Reb Sussel, my great-grandfather. 【2006江苏】我家最著名的亲戚便是我祖父的爸爸Reb Sussel，他对美国产生了长远的影响。

**a mark of respect/honor/affection etc尊敬/荣誉/亲切等的表示/标志**

**【真句】**Politeness is a mark of civilization.【2015安徽任务型读写】礼貌是文明的标志。

**mark的形容词形式：marked adj. 显著的，明显的**

**【真句】**A study of more than five million books has found a marked decline in the use of emotional words over time.【2013上海阅读】对5000万本书的研究表明情感词汇的使用明显减少了。

**market [ˈmɑːkɪt] n. 市场**



**marry [ˈmærɪ] vt. 嫁，娶vi结婚**

**【真句】**At 18 she married and started a family.【2014山东完形】在18岁的时候她结婚了并且组建了自己的家庭。

**短语：marry sb嫁给某人，娶某人**

**【真句】**Judy is going to marry the sailor she met in Rome last year.【2013重庆】Judy即将嫁给她去年在罗马遇见的水手。

**be/get married to sb与某人结婚**

In 1929, she got married to Diego Rivera, another famous Mexican artist. [阅读]2012安徽 在1929年她嫁给了Diego Rivera，Diego Rivera是另一位著名墨西哥艺术家。

**marry的形容词形式：married [ˈmærɪd] adj.已婚的**

**marry的名词形式：marriage [ˈmærɪdʒ] n. 婚姻**

**mask [mɑ:sk] n.口罩，面罩**

**【真句】**I just heard the bank where Dora works was robbed by a gunman wearing a mask.【2015重庆】我刚听说Dora工作的银行被一个戴面具的持枪男人抢劫了。

**mass [mæs] adj.大量的；n. 大量（的人或物）；一群人；团，块，堆**

**【真句】**Its mass production has been realized.【2012湖南阅读】该产品的大量生产已经实现了。

**【真句】**Seventeen provides advice and encouragement for masses of young girls.【2015浙江阅读】Seventeen为大量年轻女孩提供建议。

**【真句】**Weeks later, standing before this unfriendly mass, I was totally lost.【2012北京阅读】几周后站在这群不友好的人面前我完全迷失了。

**【真句】**They tried to attack Andy in a mass.【2015江西阅读】他们试图一起攻击安迪。

**master [ˈmɑːstə] vt. 精通，掌握 n. 大师；主人；主持人**

**【真句】**Here are some ways to master social skills.【2014安徽阅读】这儿有一些掌握社交技巧的方式。

**【真句】**She is the master of the house.【2014全国二阅读】她是房屋的主人。

**【真句】**Above all, the real poet is a master of words.【2015全国二阅读】真正的诗人是语言大师。

**【真句】**The master of ceremonies announced that my class was next.【2015山东完形】主持人宣布我们班是下一个。



**mat [mæt] n. 垫子**

**match [mætʃ] n.比赛；火柴；对手v.与……相匹配；与（某人）相匹敌**

**【真句】**The basketball coach, as well as his team, was interviewed shortly after the match for their outstanding performance.【2012陕西】在一场杰出表现的比赛之后，篮球教练和他的队伍接受了采访。

**【真句】**This horn is no Iarger than a matchbox and has many functions.【2012湖北完形】这个喇叭没有火柴盒大并且有许多功能。

**【真句】**They have to find easy chairs to match the tables.【2015全国一阅读】他们不得不找与这些桌子相匹配的舒适的桌子。

**【真句】**When it comes to speaking in public, no one can match him.【2014 辽宁】在公共演讲方面，没人可以与他匹敌

**短语：A is no match for B A不是B的对手**

**【真句】**But the two boys were no match for the fierce wind and the boat was out of control.【2013四川阅读】 但是那两个小孩不是大风的对手，船失控了。

**match sth to/with sth 把……和……匹配起来**

**【真句】**Match the words with pictures.【2012湖南阅读】找到与单词相匹配的图画。

**material [məˈtɪərɪəl] n. 材料；adj.物质的**

**【真句】**Learning materials are provided to students throughout their course.【2016天津阅读】在整个课程期间都会给学生提供课程材料。

**【真句】**People’s efforts have been materially rewarded.【2016四川阅读】人们的努力获得了物质上的奖励。

**mathematics [mæθəˈmætɪks] n. 数学 同义词： math n. 数学maths n. 数学**

**matter [ˈmætə] v. 重要，要紧；n.事情；物质；**

What really matters is what you do rather than who you are.【2014上海阅读】真正重要的是你做了什么而不是你是谁。

Reduce dangerous matter in cigarettes.【2015福建】减少香烟中的有害物质。

Only after they had discussed the matter for several hours did they reach a decision.【2015湖南】该时间被讨论了几个小时之后他们才作出了决定。

**同义词：count v. 重要，要紧**

**短语：a matter of ……的事情**

What to wear is not a matter of personal choice for companies.【2012陕西阅读】穿什么对于公司而言不是个人选择的事情。

**as a matter of fact事实上（此时等同于in fact）**

As a matter of fact, it was most helpful.【2015四川】事实上，它是最有用的。

**mature [məˈtjʊə] adj. 成熟的**

Having spent the past year as an exchange student in Hong Kong, Linda appears more mature than those of her age.【2014福建】在香港做了一年的交流生之后，Linda显得比同龄人要更成熟。

**mature的名词形式：maturity [məˈtʃʊərəti] n. 成熟**

**mature的反义词：immature [ˌɪməˈtjʊə(r)] adj. 不成熟的**

**maximum [ˈmæksɪməm] n. 最大值，最大量 adj. 最大限度的，最大量的**

What is the maximum number of books current students can borrow?【2012湖北】现在学生能借的最大数量的书是多少？

**反义词：minimum [ˈmɪnɪməm] n. 最小值 adj. 最小的**

To meet this minimum goal, the Agreement requires countries to tighten emissions targets every five years.【2016上海阅读】为了达到这一最小目标，该协议要求所有国家每隔五年收紧排放目标。

**meal [miːl] n. 一餐**

**mean [miːn] v. mean意思是，意味着；故意，打算 adj. 刻薄的，残酷的**

She plays a **mean** trick on the boys.【2014浙江】他残酷的戏弄了那些男孩。

短语：**mean (doing) sth 意思是，意味着**

Some people give their children names that **mean** good things.【2015江苏阅读】一些人给他们孩子有好的意思的名字。

**mean to do故意，打算**

I **meant to write** a long letter and tell you all the things I was doing at school.【2015全国二】我打算写一封长信告诉你我在学校做的事情。

**be meant to do/for sth 意在，旨在**

The passage **is meant to discuss** the morals of allocating things.【2013江苏阅读】这篇文章旨在讨论分配事情的寓意。

**mean的名词形式：meaning**

**meaning [ˈmiːnɪŋ] n. 意思,意义**

But it was quite by accident that I discovered the deep meaning of his words.【2013天津阅读】但是我是非常偶然发现她的话的意思。

**meaning的形容词形式：meaningful**[ˈmi:nɪŋfl] **有意义的**

**means [miːnz] 方式，方法**

The car is a convenient means of transport, but we have made it our way of life.【2014天津阅读】

汽车是一中便利的交通方式，但是我们已经使它成为我们生活的一部分。

**短语：by means of 通过……的方式**

Operate the laptop by means of an alternative password.【2014上海阅读】通过替代密码的方式操作电脑。

**meanwhile [ˈmiːnwaɪl] adv. 同时**

We were also told to remain in our seats meanwhile with our seat belts fastened.【2015四川完形】我们被告知呆在我们的座位上与此同时系上安全带。

**measure [ˈmeʒə] v. 测量；n. 措施；**

Emily’s mum came across Big Brothers Big Sisters and thought it would be of benefit to Emily by providing different feedback about herself other than just relying on schoolmates to measure her self-worth.【2012江西阅读】Emily的妈妈偶然发现Big Brothers Big Sisters并且认为这是对Emily有帮助的，因为它提供了关于自己的不同反馈不仅仅依靠同学去测量自我价值。

**短语：take measures/steps/action采取措施**

The government has taken measures to bring down the high prices of daily goods to keep the market stable.【2015湖北】政府采取措施降低日常用品的高价以保持市场稳定。

**meat [miːt] n. 肉**

**medal [ˈmedl] n. 奖牌**

**medium [ˈmiːdɪəm] adj. 中等的 n. 媒介；方法，手段**

Hilversum is a medium-sized city.【2015湖北阅读】

A medium is the way you communicate your message.【2013浙江阅读】媒介是你交流信息的方式。

TV is also a powerful medium for adult education.【2015福建阅读】电视是成人教育的重要手段。

**注意：medium的复数形式为media**

**media [ˈmiːdɪə] n. 大众传播媒介**

The change to a media economy started in 1920.【2015湖北阅读】媒体经济的改变开始与1920年。

**medicine [ˈmedsn] n. 药**

Dr. Welch needed medicine as soon as possible to stop other kids from getting sick.【2016北京完形】 Welch医生极其需要药物以阻止其他儿童患病。

**medicine的形容词形式：medical [ˈmedɪkl] 医学的，医疗的**

**meet [miːt] vt遇见；会面，碰头；迎接；**

Whenever I met her, which was fairly often, she greeted me with a sweet smile.【2014山东】每当我遇到她的时候——这是非常频繁的，她总是用微笑问候我。

If it’s convenient for you, let’s meet at 8:30 outside the school gate.【2016全国卷三作文】如果你方便的话我们8：30在校门口碰头。

She took a train to meet me.【2012湖北阅读】她乘火车迎接我。

**短语：meet a need/demand/requiremen…满足需要/要求**

If volunteer positions do not meet these needs, people may not wish to participate.【2015江苏阅读】 如果志愿者的职位不能满足这些需要，人们可能不愿意参加。

**meet a goal/target 达到目的/目标**

To meet this minimum goal, the Agreement requires countries to tighten emissions targets every five years.【2016上海阅读】为了达到这一最小目标，该协议要求所有国家每隔五年收紧排放目标。

**meet with会见；又作be met with遭到；获得**

The next day we met with the people who ran the park.【2014湖北完形】第二天我们去会见经营这个公园的人。

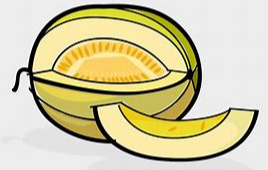
Old people are more likely to meet with accidents in crosswalks.【2014四川阅读】老人更容易在人行道上遭遇车祸。

On the other hand, my search for a respectable job had not met with much success.【2014上海填词】 另一方面，对一份受尊敬的工作的寻找并没有获得成功。

**meet的名词形式：meeting**

**meeting [ˈmiːtɪŋ] n. 会议；遇见；会面，碰头；迎接；**

Either you or one of your students is to attend the meeting that is due tomorrow.【2014湖南】你或者你们班的同学之一参加明天的会议。

How did Percival feel during his meeting with Laura?【2012福建阅读】在与Laura会面期间Percival感到怎样？

**melon [ˈmelən] n.甜瓜**

**member [ˈmembə] n. 成员，会员**

It can do things such as reminding an elderly family member to take medicine or taking family photos.【2015天津阅读】它可以做一些诸如提醒老的家庭成员吃药或者照相这样的事情。

**memory [ˈmemərɪ] n. 记忆力；记忆，回忆；**

Children have a better memory than grown-ups.【2012全国一阅读】儿童的记忆力比成人好。

When we visited my old family home, memory came flooding back.【2014辽宁】当我们参观老房子的时候回忆如潮水般涌来。

短语：**in memory of sb 为了纪念某人（此时等于in honour of）**

A concert was held in memory of Gershwin.【2013山东阅读】一场纪念Gershwin的音乐会。

**memory的动词形式：memorize [ˈmeməraɪz] v.记住，熟记**

Every day read a proverb aloud several times until you have it memorized.【2013湖南】每天读一个谚语直到你把它记住。

**memorial [mɪˈmɔːrɪəl] n. 纪念馆**

**mend [mend] v. 修理,修补**

**同义词：repair v. 修理； fix v. 修理**

**mental [ˈmentl] adj. 精神的；思想的；思考的**

Green has the ability to reduce pain and relax people both mentally and physically.【2012安徽阅读】绿色能够减少痛苦并且使人在精神上和身体上都可以放松。

Without mental focus, we may not pay enough attention to new information coming in.【2015浙江阅读】没有思想上的集中，我们就不能够注重大脑所接受的信息。

According to scientists, our mental abilities begin to decline from the age of 27 after reaching the highest level at 22.【2012浙江】根据科学家，我们的思考能力在22岁达到最高值并从27岁开始下降。

**mention [ˈmenʃn] v. 提到，谈到 n. 提到，谈到**

Why does the author mention the questions in Paragraph1?【2015江西阅读】为什么作者在第一段提到这些问题。

Ceely was relying on her GPS. But it **made no mention of** the crossing.【2015浙江阅读】Ceely当时依靠他的导航装置，但是它并没有提及有十字路口

**短语：not to mention sth 更不用说某事了**

For other countries, the railway network will definitely create more opportunities for business, tourism and so on, not to mention the better communication among those countries.【2015江苏阅读】对于其它国家而言，铁路网无疑会为这些国家的商业、旅游业等创造更多的机会，更不用说促进这些国家之间的交流。

**menu [ˈmenju:] n. 菜单**

**merchant [ˈmɜːtʃənt] n. 商人**

Merchants were employed to promote products.【2015全国一阅读】商人被雇佣以促销产品。

同义词：trader n. 商人

**mercy [ˈmɜːsɪ] 仁慈，宽容**

She showed no mercy to her enemies.【高考真句】她对她的敌人不仁慈

**mercy的形容词形式：merciful[ˈmɜːsɪfʊl] 宽大的，仁慈的**

**merely [ˈmɪəlɪ] adv. 仅仅，只不过；仅仅是，只是**

I merely determined to make a list of all the books I had ever read.【2015四川】我仅仅决定列出曾经读过的书的清单。

There are ever more people on the Earth, and they reasonably and rightfully want to have better lives, rather than merely struggle for survival.【2012北京阅读】现在地球上的人更多了，他们他们想要更好的生活而非仅仅是为了生存而奋斗是合理的也是正当的。

**merry [ˈmerɪ] adj. 高兴的，愉快的 Merry Christmas 圣诞快乐**

**mess [mes] n. 脏乱，凌乱； v.弄糟，毁掉**

She didn’t mind the huge mess at all.【2014湖北阅读】她一点都不在意脏乱。

**短语：make a mess (of sth) (把……)弄得一塌糊涂**

They always make a mess in their offices.【2013湖北阅读】他们总是将办公室弄得一塌糊涂。

**mess up弄糟，毁掉**

I told her I would mess it up, because I had never worked at the bar before.【2015湖南完形】我告诉他我会毁掉它的，因为我从来没有过在吧台工作过。

**in a mess 一团糟**

He prefers to keep his house in a mess.【2012上海】他喜欢把他的房间弄得一团糟。

**mess的形容词形式：messy adj. 脏乱的；**

The messy arrivals hall.【2012湖北阅读】脏乱的到达大厅

**message [ˈmesɪdʒ] n. 消息，音信**

**metal [ˈmetl] n. 金属 adj. 金属制成的**

**method [ˈmeθəd] n. 方法，办法**

**metre ['mi:tə] n. 米**



**microcomputer [ˈmaɪkrəʊkəmpjuːtə] n. 微机**

**microscope [ˈmaɪkrəskəʊp] n. 显微镜**

**microwave [ˈmaɪkrəʊweɪv] n. 微波**

**mid-autumn [mɪd-ˈɔːtəm] n. 中秋**

**midday [ˈmɪddeɪ] n. 中午, 正午**

**middle [ˈmɪdl] n. 中间**

**midnight [ˈmɪdnaɪt] n. 午夜**

**mild [maɪld] adj. 暖和的；轻微的；**

Most rain forests lie close to the equator, where the climate is often mild and there are long hours of sunshine.【2015辽宁阅读】大多数热带雨林离赤道很近，那里的气候温和并且有长时间的日照。

You may experience mild discomfort as you begin to exercise regularly.【2014重庆阅读】当你开始定期锻炼的时候你可能经历轻微的不适。

**mile [maɪl] n. 英里**

**milk [mɪlk] n. 牛奶 vt. 挤奶**

**million [ˈmɪlɪən] num. 百万 n. 百万个（人或物）**

**millionaire [mɪljəˈneə] n. 百万富翁**

**mind [maɪnd] n. 头脑；思想；vt. 介意**

It prevents the mind from working.【2015辽宁】它会阻止大脑工作。

These issues may seem important, but our psychological state of mind is far more important.【2014湖南阅读】这些问题也许似乎很重要，但是我们思想的心理状态更重要。

Do you mind if I record your lecture?【2013江苏】你是否介意我纪录你的演讲？

**短语：make up one’s mind to do 下定决心做某事；**

At one point I **made up my mind** to talk to Uncle Sam. Then I **changed my mind**, realizing that he could do nothing to help.【2015上海】在某个时候我不想和萨姆叔叔说话，之后我改变了主意，意识到他也不能帮助我。

**keep/bear sth in mind牢记……**

I will **keep** traffic rules **in mind** all the way.【2013安徽作文】我一直牢记交通规则。

**have sth in mind 心里已有……**

If I close my eyes, I can still **have** a clear picture **in mind** of my first home.【2013四川阅读】如果我闭上眼睛，我心里仍然有第一个家的清晰画面。

**in one's mind在某人脑海中**

There is little doubt **in your mind** that he is innocent, is there?【2012 江苏】在你脑海中你还怀疑他是不是清白的，不是吗？

**on one’s mind 是把某事记挂在心上**

All this has been on my mind.【2014广东阅读】所有这些我都牢记在心。

Would you mind answering some questions on shopping habits?【2013福建】你介意我回答一些关于购物习惯的问题吗？

**mind your business管好你自己的事**

You should mind your own business!【2013江西完形】你应该管好你自己的事。

**mine [maɪn] pron. 我的 n.矿藏 vt.开采**

The phosphate(磷酸盐) mines were destroyed.【2012山东阅读】磷酸盐矿物被毁灭了。

**mineral [ˈmɪnərəl] n. 矿物质，矿物**



**minibus [ˈmɪnɪbʌs] n. 小型公共汽车**

**miniskirt [ˈmɪnɪskɜːt] n. 超短裙**

**minister [ˈmɪnɪstə(r)] n. 部长；牧师**

**ministry [ˈmɪnɪstrɪ] n.（政府的）部**

**minus [ˈmaɪnəs] prep. 减**

**minute [ˈmɪnɪt] n. 分钟**

**mirror [ˈmɪrə] n. 镜子**

**miss [mɪs] v. 错过；想念**

I still miss the days when she was with us.【2015全国二阅读】我仍然想念她和我在一起的日子。

She is now crazy about classical music and will not miss any chance to attend a concert with her husband.【2015广东信息匹配】她对经典音乐非常痴迷，不会错过任何和她丈夫参加音乐会的机会。

**miss out 失去/没有做某事的机会**

But sometimes people miss out on the experience because they fear it’s ‘not for them’. It’s time to change this perception.【2014天津阅读】但是有时候我们错过了这样的经历，因为我们担心它不适合我们。我们是时候改变这样的观念了。

**miss the point 错过要点**

The lawyer listened with full attention, trying not to miss any point.【2015四川】律师全神贯注地听，努力不错过任何要点。

**miss的形容词形式：missing**

**missing [ˈmɪsɪŋ] adj. 丢失的，失踪的 missing（此时相当于lost）**

Last night’s TV news said that by then the death of the missing people had not been proved yet. 【2015湖北完成句子】昨晚的电视新闻说：到那个时候失踪人口的死亡还没有没证实。

**missile [ˈmɪsaɪl] n 导弹**

**mist [mɪst] n. 雾**

**mistake [mɪsˈteɪk] n.错误 vt.弄错**

She **made a mistake** in calculation.【2012湖北】她在计算中出错了。

**短语：mistake A for B 把A错当为B**

In 1492, Columbus landed on one of the Bahama Islands, but he mistook it for an island off India. 【2015湖南】在1492年哥伦布登上了Bahama岛，但是他把它错当为印度的岛屿。

**同义词：error n. 错误**

**mistake的形容词形式：mistaken** [mɪsˈteɪkən] **adj. 错误的**

They understand the importance of avoiding business decisions based on misconceptions- mistaken ideas.【2014陕西阅读】他们知道避免基于错误观点做决定的重要性。

**misunderstand [mɪsʌndəˈstænd] v.误解，误会**

You can make your child feel angry, hurt or misunderstood by what you say without realizing it yourself.【2014全国一阅读】你所说的话可能让你的孩子感到生气、受伤或者被误解而你却没有察觉。

**misunderstand的反义词：understand v. 理解**

**misunderstand的名词形式：misunderstanding误解，误会**

**mix [mɪks] v. 混合，搅和；交往；（使）结合；混淆，使糊涂；n. 混合，结合**

Psychologists tell us that to be happy we need a mix of enjoyable leisure time and satisfying work. 【2013天津阅读】心理学家说我们要想开心的话得有美好的休闲时光和令人满意的工作。

The instructions say that you should mix flour with water carefully first.【2006浙江】说明书上说你应该先小心地用水搅拌面粉。

He wouldn’t mix with other disabled children.【2013浙江阅读】他不愿意和其他残疾孩子交往。

WONDERTIME mixes playful activities with scientific knowledge.【2015浙江阅读】WONDERTIME将有趣的活动和科学知识结合起来。

I think from the very start my literary ambitions were mixed up with the feeling of being isolated and undervalued.【2006四川阅读】我认为从开始我的文学志向和孤独感以及被忽视的感觉混淆了。

The magazine offers an exciting mix of great photography and interesting articles.【2015浙江阅读】该杂志上面既有杰出的摄影作品也有有趣的文章。

**mix的形容词形式：mixed**

**mixed [mɪkst] adj. 混合的，不同的；**

People hold mixed opinions about science.【2014重庆阅读】人们对科学有不同的感情。

**短语：mixed feeling复杂的感情**

**mixed school男女同校的学校**

mix做动词时的名词形式：**mixture [ˈmɪkstʃə] n. 混合物**

**mobile [ˈməʊbaɪl] adj. 移动的，活动的**

Once, a passenger next to me talked out loud on his mobile phone. I left my seat quietly, giving him some privacy to finish his conversation.【2015重庆阅读】曾今，坐在我旁边的乘客在大声打电话；我静静的离开了我的座位以给他隐私去完成它的谈话。

**model [ˈmɔdl] n. 模型；模特；型号；榜样（通常形式为role model）**

At Cambridge University in the 1950s, Watson and Crick tried to make models by cutting up shapes of DNA’s parts and then putting them together.【2014浙江阅读】在20世纪50年代的剑桥大学，Watson和Crick尝试通过切分DNA部分形状，然后将它们拼凑起来的方式来制作出DNA的模型。

Four Chinese models were among the 14 people awarded prizes on Friday at the World Supermodel Competition.【2014上海】在星期五的世界超级模特比赛中，十四名获奖的模特有四位来自中国。

Porsche has a model which was considered perhaps the best sports car on the market.【2012重庆阅读】保时捷有一款可能被认为是世界上最好的跑车。

Schools can provide the right role models for them.【2013辽宁阅读】学校可以为他们提供正确的榜样。

**modem [ˈməʊdem] n. 调制解调器**

**modern [ˈmɔdən] adj. 现代的**

**modest [ˈmɔdɪst] adj. 谦虚的；中等的，适度的**

The more learned a man is, the more modest be usually become.【2015陕西】一个人越博学他通常就越谦虚。

Grandma’s happiness came from modest expectations of life.【2013天津阅读】奶奶的幸福源自于她对生活的适度的期盼。

**moment [ˈməʊmənt] n. 时刻**

**短语：at the moment 此刻，现在**

I’m sorry to know that you’re having such a bad time at the moment.【2014安徽写作】此刻听到你如此的不幸我感到非常抱歉。

**for the moment 暂时**

For the moment we are just friends. 此刻我们只是朋友而已。

**for a moment 一会儿**

I stood for a moment.【2015湖南】我站了一会儿

**in a moment 立刻马上**

I'll write you a cheque in a moment. 《柯林斯》我马上给你写个支票。

**money [ˈmʌnɪ] n. 钱**

**monitor [ˈmɔnɪtə] v. 监视，监测 n.显示屏；班长**

And what comes out of your tap is carefully monitored to follow the strict rules.【2013湖北阅读】

从水龙头流出的水被严格监测过以遵循严格的规则

I’m Li Jin, monitor of Class One, Grade Eleven.【2014天津作文】我是李金，11年级1班的班长。

**monkey [ˈmʌŋkɪ] n. 猴子**

**month [mʌnθ] n. 月，月份**

**monument [ˈmɔnjʊmənt] n. 纪念碑，纪念物**

It is possible that the King of Stonehenge was linked to the stones: he might have had a hand in planning the monument, or in helping transport and pull up the stones.【2015湖北完成句子】Stonehenge国王很有可能与这些石头有联系：他也许参与了纪念碑的规划或者帮助运输这些石头。

**短语：be a monument to sb/sth 是某人/某物的见证，是见证某人/某物的丰碑**

It is a monument to perfection, and a heritage attraction itself.【2014重庆阅读】它是完美的见证，本身也是具有吸引力的遗产。

**同义词：memorial n. 纪念物，纪念碑**

**moon [muːn] n. 月亮**

**moon cake n. 月饼**

**mop [mɔp] n. 拖把v. 拖地**

He always stayed after school to straighten chairs and mop the floor.【2014山东完形】放学后他总是留下来摆桌子和抹地板。

**motherland [ˈmʌðəlænd] n. 祖国**

**motivate [ˈməʊtɪveɪt] v. 激励；成为……的动机**

I don’t enjoy my new job as a department manager since I find hard to communicate with and motivate my team members.【2013广东阅读】我不喜欢部门经理一职因为很难与我的团队交流，也很难激励他们。

用法：**motivate sb to do sth激励某人做某事**

For some kids one of those subjects is the only thing that motivates them to come back to school day after day.【2015山东阅读】对于一些孩子而言，这些科目中的某一科目成为他们重返校园的动机。

**motivate的名词形式：motivation**

**motivation [məʊtɪ'veɪʃn] n. 动力，积极性；动机，原因**

Without passion, people won't have the motivation or the joy necess**ary** for creative thinking.【2012上海】没有激情，人们就没有对于创造性思维而言所必需的动力和快乐。

Only after talking to two students did I discover that having strong motivation is one of the biggest factors in reaching goals.【2015湖南】在我和两个学生聊完天之后我发现强烈的动机是达成目标的最大因素之一。

**motor [ˈməʊtə] n. 发动机**

**motorbike [ˈməʊtəbaɪk] n. 摩托车**

**motorcycle ['məʊtəsaikl] n. 摩托车**

**motto [ˈmɔtəʊ] n. 箴言，格言**

Your words became my motto.【2015天津阅读】你的话成为我的格言。

**mountain [ˈmaʊntɪn] n. 山 其形容词形式为mountainous [ˈmaʊntɪnəs] a. 多山的**

**mourn [mɔːn] vt. 悼念，哀悼；对……感到痛心**

The story started off with the girl mourning her mother’s death and going to her tomb three times a day.【2014福建阅读】在故事的开始，小女孩哀悼其母亲的死并且一天去其母亲的坟前三次

People mourned the loss of the man.【2013山东阅读】人们对他的死感到痛心

**mouse [maʊs] n. 鼠；鼠标 mouse的复数形式：mice**

**moustache [məs'tɑ:ʃ] n. 小胡子**

**mouth [maʊθ] n. 嘴，口**

**mouthful [ˈmaʊθfʊl] n. 满口，一口**

**move [muːv] v. 移动；搬家；打动 n. 动作；行动，举措**

You have to move out of the way, or the truck cannot get past you.【2012全国一】你必须移开，否则卡车过不来。

They moved their family to San Francisco.【2015安徽阅读】他们搬家到旧金山。

The real poet is a master of words，who can move men to tears.【2015全国二阅读】真正的诗人是一个语言大师，他可以让人们泪流满面。

It really was an easy move.【2015山东完形】这是一个很简单的动作。

I support any move to get young people into theatre.【2014天津阅读】我支持让年青人进入剧院的举措

**短语：move on继续前进**

I've learned to get over bad life's experiences and learned how to move on because of her.【2015全国二阅读】我学会了克服不好的人生经历并且因为她我学会了如何继续前进。

**move动词的名词形式：movement** [ˈmuːvmənt] **n. 运动；移动**

After Lomborg, the environmental movement will begin to die down.【2015重庆阅读】

在Lomborg之后，环境运动将会变弱。

The movement was so fierce that several passengers felt sick and had to use airsickness bags.【2015四川完形】飞机的晃动是如此激烈以至于乘客感到恶心并且不得不用呕吐袋。

**move的的两个形容词是moved** [mu:vd] **adj. 感动的；moving** [ˈmu:vɪŋ] **adj. 令人感动的**

He is deeply moved by their glorious deeds.【2016江苏阅读】他被他们那光荣的事迹打动了。

**movie [ˈmuːvɪ] n. 电影**

**mud [mʌd] n. 泥, 泥浆 mud的形容词形式：muddy [ˈmʌdɪ] a. 泥泞的**

**multiply [ˈmʌltɪplaɪ] vt.激增；繁殖；乘**

Microorganisms multiply rapidly in dirty places and in warm temperatures.【2015广东阅读】

微生物在肮脏和温暖的地方繁殖的很快

**murder [ˈmɜːdə] vt. 谋杀 n. 谋杀，谋杀罪**

Death will come mainly from accidents, murder and war.【2015辽宁阅读】死亡主要来源于事故、谋杀和战争

**museum [mjuːˈzɪəm] n. 博物馆，博物院**

**mushroom [ˈmʌʃrʊm] n. 蘑菇**

**music [ˈmjuːzɪk] n. 音乐，乐曲 music的形容词形式：musical [ˈmjuːzɪkəl] adj. 音乐的，爱好音乐的**

**musician [mjuːˈzɪʃn] n. 音乐家，乐师**

**高考核心词汇与练习---M （含答案）**

**1. majority** *n.* 大部分；大多数

( 1) Among the members of the team those who are for the plan are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(占多数).

【答案】in the majority

( 2) This treatment is not available in \_\_\_\_\_\_ of hospitals.

A. most B. majority C. the most D. the majority

【答案】答案 D解析：句意：大多数医院不采用这种治疗法。the majority of hospitals = most of the hospitals。

( 3) The houses in this village are \_\_\_\_\_ built of stone and brick.

A. most B. majority C. mostly D. almost

【答案】答案 C解析：句意为：这村庄的房子主要是由石头和砖块建成。mostly相当于mainly，意为“主要地”。

**2. mark** *v*. 做记号；做标记；留下痕迹；弄污 *n.* 污点；污渍；符号，记号

( 1) Prices \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(mark) on the goods.

【答案】are marked

( 2) Do you like this \_\_\_\_\_ of coffee?

A. signal B. sign C. mark D. brand

【答案】答案 D解析：brand指一类确定的、通常是著名的商品，可表述为“品牌”。signal“信号”；mark, sign“标记，标志”，不合题意。

( 3) I noticed a \_\_\_\_\_ difference in Sam’s behavior.

A. mark B. marking C. marked D. marks

【答案】答案 C解析：句意：我注意到萨姆行为很反常。marked是形容词，意为“明显的，显著的”。

**3. mass** *n.* 团，块，堆；大量，许多

( 1) Sports fans came to the stadium \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (大批地) before the game.

【答案】in a mass

( 2) The young dancers looked so beautiful in their new clothes that we took \_\_\_\_\_ pictures of them.

A. many of B. masses of C. the number of D. a large amount of

【答案】答案 B解析：many of后接复数名词，且名词前要有限定词；masses of既可修饰可数名词，也可修饰不可数名词；the number of“……的数量”，表“许多，大量”时要用a number of；a large amount of后接不可数名词。

( 3) I am so busy that I have \_\_\_\_\_\_ unanswered letters.

A. many a B. a good deal of C. masses of D. a great deal of

【答案】答案 C解析：B、D两项后面只跟不可数名词；many a后跟单数形式，故只有C项正确。

**4. means** *n.* 方式；方法；途径

( 1) She is \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (决不) an inexperienced teacher.

( 2) Every possible means \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (try), but none worked.

【答案】(1) by no means (2)has been tried

( 3) —Do you think we should put an ad in the paper for the lost child?

—Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. that’s all right B. by all means C. it just depend D. never mind

【答案】答案 B解析：by all means在交际用语中，常出现在回答中，用来同意对方的观点或建议，表示“当然可以，没有问题”。

( 4) The police looked into the case carefully and found the thief had entered the house \_\_\_\_\_ a ladder.

A. by the means B. by all means C. by ways of D. by means of

【答案】答案 D解析：by means of意为“凭借；以……方式”。

**5. measure** *v*. 测量；度量；量度为；估量，判定 *n.* 措施；方法；尺度；标准

( 1) You should take effective \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(measure) to improve your working conditions.

( 2) Please make a suit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ my measure.请按照我的尺寸做一套西服。

【答案】(1) measures (2)to

( 3) The classroom \_\_\_\_\_\_ 30 feet long and 20 feet wide.

A. measures B. is measured C. has D. has length

【答案】答案 A解析：measure vi.“（指尺寸、长短、数量等）量度为……”。

( 4) The mayor says he will take tough \_\_\_\_\_ to control food prices.

A. means B. methods C. measures D. measurements

【答案】答案 C解析：take measures表示“采取措施”。

**6. manage***v.* 完成；解决；应付；管理；负责

( 1) Do you believe you can manage \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(finish) the work in an hour?

【答案】to finish

( 2) Thank you for all your hard work last week. I don’t think we \_\_\_\_\_ it without you.

A. can manage B. could have managed C. could manage D. can have managed

【答案】答案 B解析：could not have done表示对过去发生过的事情的否定推测，意为“不可能……”，或将其看作是与过去相反的虚拟语气。

( 3) You might wonder how it \_\_\_\_\_ to live without eating for so many months.

A. keeps B. succeeds C. manages D. tries

【答案】答案 C解析：A、B后不跟不定式；从句意可知，它指的是“成功地活下来”，故答案为C。try to 指“设法做某事，但不一定成功”。

**7. match** *v.* 般配；相配；与……相匹敌*n.*敌手；旗鼓相当的人；比赛；火柴

( 1) I was no match \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ him at tennis.打网球我根本不是他的对手。

【答案】for

( 2) I don’t think those curtains \_\_\_\_\_\_ very well with the wallpaper.

A. suit B. go C. fit D. match

【答案】答案 B解析：go with“与……相配”。A、C、D三项都是及物动词，直接带宾语。

( 3) We try to match the entertainments \_\_\_\_\_\_ the preferences of the holidaymakers.

A. to B. with C. at D. for

【答案】答案B解析：句意：我们努力使娱乐节目迎合度假者的偏好。match…with…“和……一致（匹配）”。  
**8. minority** *n.* 少数；少数派；少数民族

( 1) Women are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(占少数) in the top ranks of government.

【答案】in the minority

( 2) Most nurses are women, but in the higher ranks of the medical profession women are in a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. scarcity B. minority C. minimum D. shortage

【答案】答案 B解析：题意为：大多数护士是妇女，但在高层次医务工作中，妇女只占少数。Scarcity“缺乏，不足”；minority“少数”；minimum“最小量”；shortage“不足，缺少”。

( 3) He minored \_\_\_\_\_\_ history and politics at college.

A. at B. for C. in D. with

【答案】答案C解析：句意：他在大学里辅修历史和政治。minor in“辅修”，为固定短语。

**9. mercy** *n.* 仁慈；宽容

( 1) They were at lost at sea, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(任由……摆布) wind and weather.

【答案】at the mercy of

(2) She is a kind-hearted woman and often has \_\_\_\_\_ mercy \_\_\_\_\_ people who are in trouble.

A. a; on B. / ; on C. a; to D. /; to

【答案】答案 B解析：考查固定短语have mercy on“同情，怜悯……”。

( 3) Antonio was \_\_\_\_\_ that he even showed \_\_\_\_\_ to Shylock.

A. merciful; mercy B. mercy; mercifully C. kindly; pitiful D. mercy; to mercy

【答案】答案A解析：merciful是形容词，在句中用斑，show mercy to是固定搭配。

**10. meanwhile** *ad.* 同时；与此同时；期间

( 1) I had to wait an extra hour so I wrote letters \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the meanwhile / meantime.

我必须再等一个小时，所以在此期间我写了一些信。

【答案】in

( 2) The meeting is beginning at 8 o’clock. \_\_\_\_\_\_, let’s make some preparations for it.

A. When B. Meanwhile C. While D. During

【答案】答案 B解析：句意：会议8点开始。在此期间，咱们做些准备工作吧。meanwhile“在此期间”，符合句意。

( 3) We need some new curtains, but these will do \_\_\_\_\_\_ the meanwhile.

A. in B. at C. for D. during

【答案】答案 C解析：句意：我们需要一些新的窗帘，但这些暂时还可以用。for the meanwhile意为“暂时”，符合题意。

**11. mention** *v.* 提到；写到；说到

( 1) He mentioned \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(rescue) the trapped people in an accident at the meeting.

【答案】rescuing

( 2) His name has been \_\_\_\_\_\_ as a future MP.

A. described B. communicated C. mentioned D. called

【答案】答案C解析：句意：有人提到他，认为他将来可以当下院议员。mention意为“提到，谈及”，符合题意。

( 3) He wrote twenty novels, \_\_\_\_\_\_ *six thick volumes of verse*.

A. included B. not to mention C. at the same time D. in

【答案】答案 B解析：句意：他写了二十本小说，更不用说六厚本诗集了。Not to mention“更不用提，更不用说”，符合句意。

**12. mix** *v.* 混合；掺和；融合

( 1) The city is a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (mix) of old and new buildings.

( 2) They don’t mix much \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the neighbors.他们不怎么与邻居交往。

【答案】(1) mixture (2)with

( 3) People often mix him up \_\_\_\_\_\_ his brother.

A. with B. in C. to D. at

【答案】答案 A解析：mix sb. up with sb. else意为“把……看作是（另一人）”。

( 4) A \_\_\_\_\_ society includes people of different classes, tastes, etc.

A. mix B. mixing C. mixture D. mixed

【答案】答案 D解析：mixed意为“复杂的”，作定语，修饰society。

**13. matter** *v.* 要紧；事关紧要 *n*. 课题；事情；物质

( 1) And then, to make \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (matter) worse, his parents turned up.

【答案】matters

( 2) It is the ability to do the job \_\_\_\_\_\_ matters not where you come from or what you are.

A. one B. that C. what D. it

【答案】答案 B解析：考查强调句型。句意：要紧的是干工作的能力而不是你来自哪儿或你从事什么工作。matter不及物动词，意为“要紧”。

( 3) —I’m sorry I broke your mirror.

—Oh, really? \_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. It’s OK with me B. It doesn’t matter C. Don’t be sorry D. I don’t care

【答案】答案 B解析：It doesn’t matter.意为“不要紧，没关系”，符合上下文情景。

**14. mean** *v.* 表示……的意思；打算；意欲 *a.* 吝啬的；卑鄙的

( 1) What did she mean \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ leaving so early?她为什么这么早就走了？

( 2) She has always been mean \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ money.她在花钱上总是非常吝啬。

【答案】(1) by (2)with

( 3) Its streets were never \_\_\_\_\_\_ for heavy traffic.

A. tested B. meant C. kept D. used

【答案】答案 B解析：be meant for为固定短语，意为“打算作……用；（计划）是要给……的”。

( 4) I meant to \_\_\_\_\_ you with your homework but father didn’t permit me to.

A. helped B. have helped C. helping D. having helped

【答案】答案B解析：mean to have done意为“本打算做某事（而事实上没做）”。

**15**．**make it**确定；成功；及时到达目的地

(1) I never thought you would make it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ess.

(2ter three days，they finally made it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

【答案】(1)as (2)to

（3—When shall we start?

—Let’s it 8∶30.Is that all right?

A．set B．make C．meet D．take

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：就定在8∶30吧。“make it＋时间”意为“就定为……时间吧”。

(4In spite of the heavy traffic，we our office.

A．got it to B．sped up to

C．made it to D．turned up to

【答案】答案　C

解析　make it to some place(及时)到达某地。

(5Although he liked acting，he never really as an actor.

A．succeeded it B．managed it

C．made it D．caught it

【答案】答案　C

解析　句意为：虽然他喜欢演出，但作为演员，他从未真正成功过。make it成功，符合题意。

(6—You have just 15 minutes to get to the airport.

—All right，I guess I can .

A．do it B．make it C．finish it D．get it

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：——你仅有15分钟的时间到机场。——没关系，我想我能及时到达的。make it在此句中表示“及时到达某个地方”。get it也是一个习语，意为“明白了”。

**16**．make＋宾语＋宾语补足语

(1) I made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to walk 2 kilometers a day.

(2 It is difficult to make myself \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ English.

(3)They were made \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_for the boss 16 hours a day.

【答案】(1)it (2) understood (3)to work

(4)He didn’t make clear when and where the meeting would be held.

A．this B．that C．it D．these

【答案】答案　C

解析　it作形式宾语，真正的宾语为when and where the meeting would be held。

(5)He had to speak in a loud voice in order to make himself .(2011·牡丹江调研)

A．hear B．hearing

C．heard D．to be heard

【答案】答案　C

解析　由句意可知，此处应是“使他自己被听到”，用“make＋宾语＋过去分词”结构。

**17**．**make an effort/efforts** (**to do sth.**)努力(做某事)

(1)With her mother all to herself，McKenzie didn’t have to make an effort \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (gain) attention.

(2)We should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(不遗余力) to beautify our environment.

【答案】(1) to gain (2)spare no effot

(3)The you make，the you will make.

A．more efforts；more progress

B．greater progress；greater efforts

C．more efforts；more progresses

D．many more efforts；much progress

【答案】答案　A

解析　句意为：你越努力，你取得的进步就越大；且progress为不可数名词，故选A项。

(4)They climbed up the building with to see what was happening in the street.

A．many effort B．an effort

C．a effort D．no effort

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：他们费力地爬到楼顶,去看街上在发生什么事。with an effort费劲地。

**18**．**make sense**讲得通；有意义；合乎情理

(1)\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (是不明智的) for parents to give children whatever they want.

(2)It was the language that helped shape the way I saw things，expressed ideas，and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(理解) the world.

【答案】(1) It doesn’t make sense (2)made sense of

(3)There are so many new words in the passage that I could hardly make any of them at all.

A．meaning B．use

C．idea D．sense

【答案】答案　D

解析　句意为：这一篇中有那么多新词，我根本不理解它们的意义。make sense of理解，明白。其他选项与make搭配无此意。

(4)No matter how hard I tried to read，the sentence didn’t to me.

A．make out B．understand

C．make sense D．work out

【答案】答案　C

解析　make out弄清楚，理解，主语一般是sb.；understand的主语一般也是sb.；work out算出，解决；make sense讲得通，有道理。由题干含义“……这句话我怎么也读不懂”可知C项正确。

**19**．**make a deal**达成协议；做成交易

(1)The meeting will \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(处理) these problems.

【答案】deal with

(2)—You look so worried.What’s the matter?

—I don’t know these boring problems.

A．what to deal with B．how to do with

C．what can I do with D．how to deal with

【答案】答案　D

解析　how与deal with搭配；what与do with搭配。

(3)Top players must have excellent ball control，but it is not just they do with their feet counts.

A．how；that B．that；what

C．what；that D．whether；what

【答案】答案　C

解析　第一空表示“如何处理”，与do with搭配，用what；第二空为强调句，强调主语not just what they do with their feet，故用that。

**20．make a difference**有影响；起重要作用

(1)What you said just now \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(对……无影响) him.

【答案】made no difference to

(2)—Why do you do volunteer work in the Northwest?

—I’m trying to make a(n) in the life of the children here through my effort.

A．sense B．difference

C．point D．effort

【答案】答案　B

解析　答语句意为：我正试图通过我的努力对这里孩子们的生活产生影响；make a difference有影响；起重要作用，符合句意。

(3)You have to be accurate in this job，because a small mistake can make a big .

A．difference B．difficulty

C．trouble D．change

【答案】答案　A

解析　由主句可知，从句意为：因为一个小的错误可能会产生重大影响。make a difference产生影响。

**21**．**make up**编造；杜撰；弥补；组成；和解；整理；化妆，打扮

(1) A: Eleven players make up the football team.

B: The football team \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ eleven players.

【答案】is made up of

(2)—Sorry I’m late again，but I had a flat tyre.

—Well，Jim，why not a fresh story?

A．look up B．take up

C．pick up D．make up

【答案】答案　D

解析　句意为：为什么不编一个新鲜的故事呢？make up编造，符合题意。

(3)I’m terribly sorry to turn you down this time，but I promise I will to you next time.

A．turn it up B．make it up

C．pick it up D．set it up

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：非常抱歉，这次拒绝了你，但我答应下次弥补。make it up弥补它，符合句意。

**22**． must表推测

(1) Jack described his father，who must \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(be) a brave boy many years ago，as a strong­willed man. 杰克把他的父亲描述成一个意志坚强的人，多年以前他肯定是一个勇敢的男孩。

(2) It must have rained last night，\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_? 昨晚一定下雨了，是吗？

【答案】(1)have been (2)didn’t it

(3)—Mary’s score on the test is the highest in her class.

—Really？She have studied very hard.

A．may B．ought to

C．must D．should

【答案】答案　C

解析　答语句意为：真的吗？她一定学习很努力。must have done表对过去事实的推测。

(4)—Everyone in my class passed the exam.

—Oh，really？It difficult.

A．can’t have been B．needn’t have been

C．must be D．mightn’t be

【答案】答案　A

解析　对过去事实否定的推测，用can’t have done。

**23**．**make out**看出；辨认出；理解

(1)He swallows his words so much that I can never what he is saying.

A．make out B．catch up

C．deal with D．listen to

【答案】答案　A

解析　句意为：他欲言又止的，以致于我弄不明白他在说什么。make out理解。

(2)The idea puzzled me so much that I stopped for a few seconds to try to .

A．make it out B．make it off

C．make it up D．make it over

【答案】答案　A

解析　make it out理解；考虑清楚。

**24**．**make one’s way**前往；(在事业上)有所起步

(1) Without experience in it，we have to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ our way (摸索着前进).

(2)Look！Many children are making their way \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the beach.

(3)We fought our way \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the forest. 我们穿过森林前进。

【答案】(1) feel (2) to (3)through

(4)I kept silent in the backseat of the car as we made our to Grandma’s.

A．decision B．way

C．plan D．path

【答案】答案　B

解析　make one’s way to some place前往某地。

(5)If you want to your way in the world，you must learn English well while still young.

A．make B．fight

C．force D．feel

【答案】答案　A

解析　句意为：如果你想在世上有出息的话，你必须趁年轻学好英语。make one’s way(事业上)有所起步，有出息。

**25**．**make up one’s mind**(**s**)下定决心

(1)Have they made up their \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (mind) what to do yet?

(2)At one point I made up my mind \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (talk) to Uncle Sam.Then I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(改变主意)，realizing that he could do nothing to help.

【答案】(1) minds (2)to talk ; changed my mind

(3)Though they met with much difficulty，the team to go on with the experiment.

A．changed their minds B．made up their minds

C．took their minds D．gave their minds

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：虽然他们遇到很大困难，队员们决心继续进行实验。

(4)—I’m afraid that she won’t come to help me as she promised.

—Don’t worry.Nothing will her mind if she has up her mind.

A．change；made B．turn；done

C．grow；given D．make；changed

【答案】答案　A

解析　change one’s mind改变主意；make up one’s mind下定决心。

**26**．**make use of**利用

(1) We should consider what use can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_such a material.我们应该考虑这样的材料如何运用。

(2)There is no use \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(advise) him.

【答案】(1) be made of (2)advertising

(3)Good use of the weekend should be to relax yourself after the five days’ hard work.

A．made B．put

C．paid D．found

【答案】答案　A

解析　考查make good use of sth.的被动形式。

(4)You should any opportunity you have to practise English.(2011·天门统考)

A．make use of B．play a part in

C．get along with D．make fun of

【答案】答案　A

解析　make use of利用。句意为：你应该利用每个机会来练习英语。play a part in参与；get along with与……相处；进展；make fun of嘲弄，取笑。

**27**．**meet with**遇到；经历；会晤；受到

(1) Finally，we decided to go to the office to ①\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(会见) our general manager.On our way we ②\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(遇到) the secretary.She told us that he would go to the airport to ③\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(迎接) several reporters.She also told us that the manager would ④\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(满足) our demands.Hearing her words，we made a decision to cancel our ⑤\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(会晤) with the manager.

【答案】①meet with ②met with ③meet ④meet ⑤meeting

(2)In modern times，people have to learn to all kinds of pressure although they are leading a comfortable life.

A．keep with B．stay with

C．meet with D．live with

【答案】答案　D

解析　句意为：在现代，尽管人们过着舒适的生活，但他们不得不学会承受各种压力。live with sth.忍受，容忍。

(3)We often after work and go for a drink.

A．meet our standards

B．meet up

C．meet our needs

D．make ends meet

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：下班后，我们经常相聚喝酒。meet up碰头，相聚。

**28**．**make contributions to...**对……做出贡献

(1)They also may contribute to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(prevent) severe disease and death.

【答案】preventing

(2)Fei Junlong and Nie Haisheng the space development of China.

A．made contribution to

B．made contributions to

C．contributed

D．took contributions to

【答案】答案　B

解析　make contributions to对……做出贡献。

(3)It’s said that driving after drinking thousands of traffic accidents every year.

A．results from B．contributes to

C．devotes to D．lies in

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：据说酒后驾驶每年导致成千上万的交通事故。contribute to导致。

**29**．**make way for**给**……**让路；让位于**……**

(1)Do you think environment should make way \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ economic development?

(2) Will you be able to make your way \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ the station?

【答案】(1) for (2)to

(3)When older men retire，they younger men to take their places.(2011·黄山调研)

A．make their way

B．make way for

C．give their way to

D．lead their way for

【答案】答案　B

解析　make way for sb.让位于某人。

(4)We down the hill towards the town before dark.

A．made away with B．made our way

C．made for D．made out

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：在天黑之前，我们下山朝城里前进。make one’s way towards/to朝……前进。

**30**．**make the acquaintance of**和……相识；结识(＝**make sb.’s acquaintance**)

(1)I need to acquaint myself \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ these new rules.

(2)Employees should \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (acquaint) with emergency procedures.

【答案】(1) with (2)be acquainted

(3)I have some Japanese，but I don’t speak it fluently.

A．acquaint to B．acquaint with

C．acquaintance with D．acquaintance for

【答案】答案　C

解析　句意为：我知道一点日语，但我说得不流利。have some acquaintance with...对……有一些了解，符合句意。

(4) the facts，I know how to deal with it.

A．Known about B．Acquainted with

C．Judging by D．Referred to

【答案】答案　B

解析　句意为：熟悉了事实，我知道如何处理这件事。be acquainted with sth.对某事熟悉。