**Unit 13 People Lesson 3**

**I. Match the words with the definitions.**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. tutor | D. a teacher who works with one student or a small group, either at a British college or university or in the home of a child |
| 2. cheek | H. the soft part of your face which is below your eye and between your mouth and ear |
| 3. upset | G. worried, unhappy or angry |
| 4. fault | A. a mistake, especially something for which you are to blame  |
| 5. bleed | C. to lose blood  |
| 6. broken | B. injured  |
| 7. relief | E. a feeling of happiness that something unpleasant has not happened or has ended  |
| 8. shelter | J. to protect yourself, or another person or thing, from bad weather, danger or attack |
| 9. hug | I. when you hold someone or something close to your body with your arms  |
| 10. separate | J. to move apart |

**II. Complete the following sentences with the words you’ve learnt in the lesson.**

1. He embraced her, kissing her on both ***cheeks***.

2. All the young soldiers are ready to ***bleed*** for the country.

3. His ***tutor*** encouraged him to read widely in philosophy.

4. We were caught in a thunderstorm, without anywhere to ***shelter.***

5. We always exchange ***hugs*** and kisses when we meet.

6. Don't get ***upset*** about the dress - there's only a little stain on it.

7. **It** was such **a *relief* to** hear that Marta was found safe and well.

8. She believes it was the doctor's ***fault*** that Peter died.

9. John was rushed to the hospital with a ***broken*** back after a 40-feet fall.

10. In the fog, they got **separated** from the group.

**III. Get familiar with the words.**

1. upset
	1. *adj. unhappy or worried*

She ***was upset about*** (感到不开心) the way her father treated her.

Mom  ***was upset with me*** (生我的气) yesterday because I came home late again.

She ***was upset to hear*** ( 很不高兴听说) that the holiday had been cancelled.

你没有给她回信他很担心。(be upset+从句)

***He felt upset that you didn't reply to his letters.***

* 1. *v. to make someone worried, unhappy or angry*

It still ***upset him*** (让他难过) when he thinks about the accident.

***Don’t upset yourself*** (别让自己担心) by thinking about what might have been.

1. shelter (Guess the part of speech and meanings of shelter in the following sentences.)

1) The refugees' main requirements are food and ***shelter***.

***N. 避难所***

2) The trees provided some ***shelter*** from the rain. n***遮盖物***

3) A group of us were ***sheltering*** from the rain under the trees. \_v. 遮蔽\_

**IV. Translate the sentences into English.**

1. 他一定是错过了火车。

He might have missed the train.

1. 这个不可能是正确的路。

This can't be the right road.

1. 你们出去的时候他们可能打电话来了。

They may have called while you were out.

1. 有些化学物质可能会引起对环境的破坏。

Some chemicals may cause environmental damage.

1. 引擎一定出问题了！

There must be something wrong with the engine.

1. 他的新车一定花了一大笔钱。

His new car must have cost a lot of money.